THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1867. VOLUME XVIII.-NUMBER 122

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum	$12 00
" " per week	25
To news-dealers, per copy	5
Weekly per annum (in advance)	6 00

☞ No subscription entered on our mail books for a less time than one month.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square one insertion	$1 50
" " each additional insertion	75
" " one week	4 00
" " two weeks	6 00
" " three weeks	7 00
" " one month	8 00

☞ All advertisements considered due after the first insertion.

☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitute a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 25 cents per line.

☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly paper will be charged at same rates, per week or month, as in the Daily, unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year	$5 00
To clubs of ten or more, each	4 00

Invariably in advance.

DIRECTORY
Of First Class Business Houses
OF MEMPHIS.

Ashe, McClennan & Co., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 284 Front st.

Commercial Bank, Corner of Main and Madison streets.

Charles N. Erich, Queensware, 323 Main street.

Eastland, Lloyd & Gilbert, Queensware, 321 Main street.

F. W. Irvine & Co., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 278 Front street.

German National Bank, No. 293 Main street.

Gayoso Savings Institute, 1 Madison st. G. John C. Lanier, President.

H. Wetter & Co, Hardware, 13 & 15 Monroe street.

Holmes & Wharton, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 36 Madison.

H. A. Littleton & Co, Insurance Agency, 21 Madison street.

J. Gumbinger, Optician and Jeweler, 294 Main street.

J. G. Moffat, Fancy Goods and Trimmings, 347 Main street.

Mansfield & Higbee, Druggists, 301 and 303 Main street.

McLean & Otis, St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, 42 Madison street.

M'Caffrey & Cornelius, Undertakers, 317 Second street.

Matthews & Alexander, Agricultural Implements, 272 second street.

M. J. Rossel, Grocer and Cotton Factor, 358 Front street.

Pike & Adams, Attorneys at Law, No. 293 Main street.

Partee, Mathee & Co, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 7 Monroe st.

Price & Yeatman, Produce, No 11 Monroe street.

Robeson, Sneed & Co., Fashionable Clothiers, 305 Main street.

R. A. Moon, Cotton Factor, No. 276 Front street.

Steinberg, Tobacco and Cigars, 310 Front street.

Verdenburgh & Sylvester, General Insurance Agents, 11 Madison street.

Worsham House, C B Galloway, proprietor, Main and Adams.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5628.

1st Tisri, 30th September	1867.
1st Kheswan, 30th October	"
1st Kislea, 29th November	"
1st Tebeth, 27th December	"
1st Shebat, 25th January	1868.
1st Adar, 24th February	"
1st Nisan, 26th March	"
1st Iyar, 23d April	"
1st Sivan, 22d May	"
1st Tammuz, 21st June	"
1st Ab, 20th July	"
1st Elul, 19th August	"
Ab Wednesday, 12th February	1868.
Monday Preceding, 9th April	"
Good Friday, 10th April	"
Easter Sunday, 12th April	"
Ascension, 21st May	"
Pentecost, 31st May	"

Whit Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. ja12 mh1 tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forsyth, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. J. T. Sellars, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 283. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; H. F. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 290. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Hutts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341 (F. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—204 Front street. John J. Worsham, 33°, W. M.; S. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 8. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

20 Front Street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.·. M.·.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.·.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.·.

CILICIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.·.; ——, Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K.·. H.·., 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Y. Clrode, 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d, Comm.·.; in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

MILLS, LUMBER, ETC.

CUBBINS, GUNN & COOVER,
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard,
161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

HAVE always on hand a general assortment of Flooring, Ceiling and Weatherboarding, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding and Stair Material, Building and Framing Lumber of all kinds, as second Oak and Walnut, clear. Planing and surfacing all sizes of Lumber out of winde. Scroll Sawing, Wood Turning and House work generally. All orders promptly attended to. Prices reduced. Give us a call bef re purchasing elsewhere. dec15

LUMBER, LATHS, SHINGLES,
Cedar Posts, Flooring, Ceiling,
Sash, Doors and Blinds, Etc.,
CHEAPER THAN EVER AT
M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN'S,
Foot of Washington Street.
dec4 1m

TAILORING, SCOURING

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

OLD CLOTHES MADE NEW

DYEING, SCOURING, —AND— REPAIRING,

OLD CLOTHES DYED AND REPAIRED

Done at short notice by
ISAAC ISAACS,
54 1-2 Jefferson Street.

All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the work is done. mar3

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON

Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,
PREMIUM
SILK AND WOOLEN DYERS
246 Second Street,
BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.

SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in a superior style.

N. B.—Not answerable for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of Mrs. Jane P. D. Keller, deceased, will present the same, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred, to F. M. McGEHEE, Administrator.
dec1 law4w

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. LUKE P. BLACKBURN,
Office: No. 351 Main street,
(OVER FALL'S DRUG STORE.)
Residence—Gayoso House. nov12 1f

A. WRIGHT. L. D. MCKISICK. LUKE F. WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

J. W. CLAPP. O. F. VANCE. J. A. ANDERSON
Late of Holly Springs, Miss.
CLAPP, VANCE & ANDERSON,
Attorneys at Law,
No. 15 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS.
nov21 1m

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
ASSISTANT U. S. ATTORNEY,
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
—AND—
PROCTOR IN ADMIRALTY.
Office, No. 450 Main St., Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn.
nov3 1f

J. B. WASSON & WM. WASSON,
DENTISTS,
HAVE removed their office to their old stand, over their Drug Store, No. 318, Main street. dec6 1f

HINSON & SMITH
DENTISTS,
No. 233 Main Street,
CLAY BUILDING.
S. A. SMITH, late with Dr. A. Wesson.
apr6 nov22 d&w1y

Harris & Blair,
DENTISTS
No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,
ADAMS' BLOCK.
J. C. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

J. E. TEMPLE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.
OFFICE—No. 13 Jefferson street, Room No. 17 Third Story, Titus Block. nov6

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.
WINCHESTER & HATCHER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.
L. H. PIKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery,
Little Rock, Arkansas.
Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. mh8 1f

R. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.
DIXON & PERCY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec8 1y

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with the same energy and attention to his patrons' interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.

OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

J. H. McCLURE,
Architect and Engineer.

JOHN K. WINCHELL,
ARCHITECT,
317 Second Street.

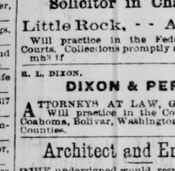
PLANS and specifications for all descriptions of private and public buildings furnished on short notice.

Remodeling of old buildings also attended to. Specimens of work can be seen at the office as above. All kinds of building operations superintended in person. nov19 3m

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

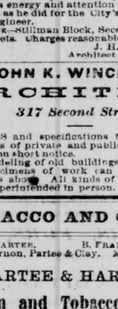
C. C. PARTEE. B. FRANK HARBERT.
Late Vernon, Parlee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn.
PARTEE & HARBERT,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
74 Monroe Street,
Bet. Main and Front, MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ Cash Advances made on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished.
oct9 wsm&dm

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,



TOBACCO FACTORS
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
7 Monroe street
se26

Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.
MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,



IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, ripes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. se21

NO GIFT ENTERPRISE
Or any other Swindle!
MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY STATE AND HAVANA LOTTERIES.
ONLY LEGAL LOTTERIES IN U. S.

THEY are drawn under State Charters; have been drawn for over FORTY YEARS. Bonds must be and are deposited with U. S. Collector as Security.

The prizes are drawn in public by two sworn Commissioners appointed by the State.

Must be sold if tickets are sold or not.

PRIZES ALL CASH.

There are two State Drawings each day, and two Havana Drawings each month.

Drawings can be seen two hours after purchase of tickets.

One-half the Tickets are Prizes.

Prizes paid on day of purchase.

Tickets $1 to $20, according to Scheme.

Prizes $1 to $100,000, according to scheme.

Principal Agent, GEO. W. VAN VORST, No. 16 Jefferson street.

SHANE, BELL & CO.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
GENERAL COMMISSION
and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 254 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

Liberal advances made on Produce in Store. Prompt attention paid to Filling Orders.

Geo. T. H. Bell, R. F. Herron, J. A. Shane, Dr. A. Harris.

Harris, Miller & Co.,
No. 102 W. Second Street,
oct6 3m CINCINNATI, OHIO

ROHR & PRINCE,
(OVER O. F. PRESCOTT & CO.'S.)
Dealers in, and Manufacturers of,
Tin, Copper and Sheet-Ironware,
No. 40 Jefferson Street

JOB WORK promptly attended to. Particular attention paid to Roofing, Guttering and Spouting.

☞ All orders left with O. F. PRESCOTT & CO. will be attended to immediately. dec18 1m

ROBERT A. MOON,
Cotton Factor
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 276 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

LIBERAL ADVANCES—Supplies at Wholesale Prices. Commission for selling Cotton, One Dollar per Bale. nov5

THE WORDS OF TRUTH AND REASON AT LAST.

It was well that that wretched House of Representatives at Washington, which has earned an immortality of infamy, should "laugh derisively" at the President's recommendation of a vote of thanks to General W. S. HANCOCK.

Let us read once again the noble and wise words of that officer, as they were uttered by him on the 29th of November, when he took command of the Fifth Military District, and, in his own words, "of the Department composed of the STATES of Louisiana and Texas." For it makes leap with joy the heart of one who sees his people domineered over by Military Despotism girt with bayonets, or the grotesque freaks and fancies of Tennessee Radicalism, to hear from the lips of one armed with arbitrary power, words that assert the undying existence and inalienable character of Constitutional liberty, and the right of the people to their English liberties and franchises. General HANCOCK said:

The General Commanding is gratified to learn that peace and quiet reign in this department. It will be his purpose to preserve this condition of things. As a means to this great end, he regards the maintenance of the civil authorities in the faithful execution of the laws, as the most efficient, under existing circumstances.

In war it is indispensable to repel force by force, and overthrow and destroy opposition to lawful authority. But when insurrectionary force has been overthrown, and peace established, and the civil authorities are ready and willing to perform their duties, the military power should cease to lead, and the civil administration resume the natural and rightful dominion. Solemnly impressed with these views, the General announces that the great principles of American liberty and the great principles of the English and continental fourists, who never indulge the pleasure of travel without an income which will warrant the luxury. The Americans make first for Paris, and secure at once a liberal supply of finery for Mrs. Jonathan and the little ones. Arrayed in their fine feathers, they then may be seen in great style on the Champs Elysees and the Bois, and returning generally from this magnificent display to some miserable apartment on the fifth floor, where one wretched servent is expected to do the entire work for a family of seven or eight. In America it is customary for two servants to do the entire work of a household, and the great wages paid is an excuse for not keeping more, but here the American expects a cook at 250f. a year ($50) to do the same amount of work for which at home he pays nearly that sum per month. With the *courrier* it is the same, certain perquisites granted *courriers* since the institution are denied by Americans, and an appeal to their minister for their rights by the ill-used party is but uncommon, and is always attended by disgraceful disclosures of meanness on the part of the masters.

The good taste and good sense which once characterized Americans have seemingly departed, or its possessors have remained at home and allow themselves to be represented by the vulgar and ill-bred. Where you hear loud talking, vulgar expressions, and French only worse than their English, there look for Americans. Where you see conspicuously dressed women doing fast things, outraging good taste and refinement, and copying, as closely as their limited brains will allow, the habits of the *demi-monde*, there you will find American women. The receptions of the United States minister's drawing room are said to be a little beyond any thing seen in Paris for magnificence of toilet and eccentricity in manner of the visitors.

A NEW PHASE OF CRIME.

Articles of Agreement Signed Binding the Perpetrators to the Commission of the Deed.

From the Chicago Times Dec. 17.]

A well concocted, completely organized scheme for the robbery of a merchant in the West Division was on Saturday night frustrated by the police. The business-like manner in which the plot was laid, and the arrangements perfected, as well as the peculiar way in which the contemplated robbery came to the knowledge of the authorities, constitute novel features in the history of crime. The circumstances of the singular affair are as follows:

On Thursday afternoon of last week, a man named Joseph Wagner, in company with his wife, entered a saloon on Randolph street, where, having business outside, he left the latter. On his return, after an absence of a few minuets, he found a man engaged in close coversation with his wife. Wondering at the circumstances, Wagner proceeded to where they were sitting, when the stranger asked if he could go home with them and stay all night. Supposing the fellow had designs upon his wife, Wagner told him he could not, by any means; whereupon the former led him aside, and in a whpiser proposed that he embark with him in a robbery, whereby $1000 could be made. The plan was to proceed on Friday night to the grocery of Dennis Spillane, on the corner of Jefferson and Wilson streets, and together with a friend who should join them, overpower and rob the merchant. After some parley, Wagner agreed to meet the stranger and his friend on the following afternoon in the the same saloon. Pursuant to appointment, he proceeded, on Friday afternoon, to the place designated, where the stranger and his friend were in waiting. Again the subject was canvassed, and it was finally agreed that the excursion should be deferred until Saturday night, when Spillane, having collected in his weekly accounts, the plunder would be much larger.

Having progressed so far in their arrangements, the trio procured the use of a private room into which they repaired and locked the door. Pen and paper were produced, and the stranger, who was a good penman, rapidly drew up articles of agreement, the provisions and conditions of which were as remarkable as the document itself.

First, the object of the excursion were fully stated, and the working plan detailed.

Second, the three persons were to be equal sharers in the plunder.

Third, a failure on the part of either of the signers to appear at the time specified, (Saturday evening) involved a forfeit of $50.

Fourth, in the event of either proving treacherous and divulging the plot, the three parties singly and severally bound themselves to kill the traitor, whichever he might prove to be.

This remarkable instrument was then signed in red ink, in imitation of a signature of blood, and sealed by a terrible oath of fidelity. The trio then separated, Wagner proceeding directly to the Central station, where he unfolded the whole scheme from beginning to end. It was arranged that he should proceede to the scene of the proposed robbery, as though nothing had happened, and an adequate force of officers would be in waiting to bag the ruffians.

Accordingly, on Saturday evening detectives Miller and Schuman, and Sergt. Briece, secreted themselves in Spillane's store, and awaited developments. Wagner proceeded to the rendezvous agreed upon, where he found but one of his confederates in waiting. This individual, whose name was ascertained to be Hanson Way—a man immense fellow, full six feet seven inches in height, breadth of chest and muscular developements in proportion,—expressed his satisfaction that Wagner had been faithful to his agreement, but said he was fearful lest the stranger should play them foul. However, be that as it may, they had their revenge, and would follow it up to its fullest extent. Finding the party incomplete, Wagner was in favor of deferring the matter until Saturday night, when Spillane, assaulting the merchant, whom Way would pretend to assist but in reality would plunder him during the melee, and beside would engage to stop his mouth during the process. It should be mentioned that the officers had not acquainted Spillane with the entire plot, but simply that they were watching for burglars.

Way entered the store at twenty minutes past 11 o' clock, and called for a glass of beer. While in the act of drinking he stepped back from the counter, and Wagner made his appearance. Approaching Spillane, he whispered his intentions, and dealt him a light blow, the latter dropping to the floor. Wagner then dodged out of the door and the officers rushed upon Way, who stood as though he could not comprehend the situation. Recovering his presence of mind, he laid vigorously about him with his brawny fists, but was at length compelled to the persuasive influence of four revolvers pointed toward, and in unpleasent proximity to his head. By this time a crowd had collected in the grocery, and, hearing the character of the prisoner and his errand in the neighborhood, were bent upon taking the law in their own hands, and executing justice upon the prisoner. The officers succeeded, however, in conveying him to the Twelvth street station, where he was closely secured for the night. Yesterday morning Way appeared in the Police Court, charged with an assault with intent to commit robbery. The principal witness against him were Spillane and Wagner—the former indentifying him as the man who had first made his appearance in the store; while Wagner detailed the whole plot substantially as already given. The prisoner mantained a stolid indifference throughout the trial, occasionally lifting his head to cast upon Wagner deadly glances of hatred and revenge. Nothing could be ascertained regarding the absent signer of the "articles of agreement," not so much as his name being learned. Upon the conclusion of the examintion, Way was ordered to becommitted to jail in default of ball in the amount of $2500.

DRY GOODS, ETC.

SOUTHERN PALACE!
OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
—ARE STILL OFFERED AT—
NEW YORK COST!
We are satisfied our Goods were bought as low as any in the city.
HOWELL, WOOD & CO., 332 Main Street.
de7

Merrimack Calico at 6¼ cts.
New York Mills Bleached Muslins at 11c.
Heavy Brown Demestics at 7 cts.
Irish Poplins at 12 cts.
Alpacas at 9 cts.
Linseys at 10 cts.
Osnaburgs at 8 cts.
Delaines at 5 cts.
10-4 White Wool Blankets at 90 cts.
Men's Calf sewed Boots at $1 25.
Men's Wax Brogans at 15 cts.
Women's Shoes, all styles, at 10 cts.
Coats' Spool Thread we throw in.
Men's White Shirts, 40 cts.

THESE are the prices that STRAUSS & BLUM will sell their goods at after they commence their

SELLING OFF SALE,

as this will take place when their competitors have got through with their

GREAT CLEARING SALE,

As the presumption is that this will take place

Before the First of January Next,

And as they are not

Compelled to Leave Town,

they will still hold on to their old prices until further notice.

Don't Forget the Place.

STRAUSS & BLUM,
213 Main Street,
Next door to Ward & LeGhere's Drug Store.
dec7

NEW GOODS!

RICE & ENGEL
224 MAIN STREET,
ARE RECEIVING THEIR
FALL STOCK
Of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ready-Made Clothing and
PLANTATION SUPPLIES.
We also pay special attention to the sale of Cotton, and will fill orders for Plantation Supplies for all who may favor us with their patronage.
se28 3m

LYONS, FIES & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, ETC.,
240 Main Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.
H. LYONS, J. FIES, I. SARTORITES. } PLANTATION SUPPLIES

SOUTHERN
TRIMMING EMPORIUM
JAMES G. MOFFATT,
347 Main St., South of Union,
IMPORTER OF
Ladies' Dress and Cloak Trimmings,
French and German Buttons
Fancy Goods, Notions,
Zephyr Worsted,
Worsted Patterns,
Real Laces, English Hosiery,
Toys, French Corsets,
Agent for the celebrated
Boulevard Hoop Skirts

BANKING HOUSE
—OF—
CAMPBELL & MILLER,
No. 6
WALL STREET, NEW YORK

$500,000
TO LOAN ON
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
STATE,
COUNTY, TOWN,
—AND—
RAILROAD BONDS,
TO SUIT.
dec8 1m

HAIR GOODS AT N. Y. PRICES.

GREAT WESTERN PRODUCE DEPOT!
No. 3 PROMENADE STREET,
Elliott Block - MEMPHIS, TENN.
W. P. WRIGHT,
Storage, Forwarding and
General Commission Merchant.
Head-Quarters for Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Meal, Flour, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Apples, Potatoes, Onions, and Produce generally. Also, Lime, Plaster, Cement and Hair.
☞ I sell for Cash only, consequently at lowest prices. Particular attention given to filling orders. dec6

Board in a Private Family.

THE subscriber having several vacant rooms in his residence No. 477 Shelby street, will board and lodge a few families.

S. M. ASHE,
dec8 Office No. 284 Front street.

COTTON--COMMISSION

STORAGE, FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

J. C. FORBES & CO.,
Nos. 45 & 47 Front st. and 46 & 48 Fulton st.,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.,
General Commission Merchants,
FOR the sale of Cotton, Flour, Whisky, Corn, Tobacco, and all kinds of Western Produce. Having an Internal Revenue Bonded Warehouse, we are prepared to handle "Whisky" and "Manufactured Tobacco" in bond, thus offering superior inducements to shippers of these articles.
Liberal advances on all consignments.

E. P. BATES & CO.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
Office—No. 276 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.
sep18 3m se24

F. J. ATTWOOD, Late of Elliott & Co. W. F. ANDERSON, Late of Herbert Bell & Co
ATTWOOD & ANDERSON,
General Commission
AND
Forwarding Merchants,
And dealers in Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Whisky, etc.
Consignments Solicited.
No. 2 Promenade Street, foot of Jefferson
dec5 1m MEMPHIS, TENN.

E. M. APPERSON, G. V. RAMBAUT.
E. M. APPERSON & CO.,
Cotton Factors
GROCERS AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 238½ Front and 6 Jefferson Sts.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
A LARGE stock of Plantation Supplies, Bagging, Rope, Ties, etc., for sale to customers on usual terms. nov15 1m

R. W. PRICE, Late of Eastport, Miss. A. B. TREADWELL, Memphis, Tenn
PRICE & TREADWELL,
Wholesale Grocers,
NO. 15 UNION STREET,
Lee Block, Bet. Main and Front Streets,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
dec5 1m

J. B. MERCER, Shelby County. JOHN N. WARE, Late Rice, Ware & Engel. F. H. TALLEY, Late Agent M. & C. R. R.
MERCER, WARE & TALLEY,
COTTON FACTORS,
Produce & Commission Merchants,
No. 194 Main Street,
Cor. of Washington, MEMPHIS, TENN.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. MR. L. F. COULTER is still with us. se28 1f

E. D. LAWRENCE. C. E. CARTER. GEO. W. GILMORE
LAWRENCE, CARTER & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 222 Front Street,
nov3 MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. L. VERSER, A. HATCHETT.
VERSER & HATCHETT,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants
320 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
BAGGING, Rope and Ties furnished to customers at lowest market prices. se2 dawlf

P. M. STANLEY. M. C. KING. J. M. SMITH.
Stanley, King & Smith,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 272 Front Street,
Up-stairs, Memphis, Tenn.
au27 daw

S. MAURICE WEIL. J. F. SELLERS.
S. M. WEBB & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
Lee Block, Union St., (Up-stairs)
Bet. Front St., and Main St., Memphis, Tenn
no7 daw3m

R. T. ANDERSON. R. S. GRIFFIN.
ANDERSON & GRIFFIN,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
No. 276 Front Street,
(Room No. 4, Up-Stairs), MEMPHIS.
se29 3m

J. H. CASH,
COTTON AND PRODUCE
FACTOR,
Commission and Forwarding
MERCHANT,
No. 226 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn
oct2 1f

WASH. S. TAYLOR. E. A. COLE
TAYLOR, COLE & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
No. 11 Monroe St., bet. Main and Front,
Cooper Block, MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and other Supplies sold at Lowest Market Rates.
se21 3m

H. A. PARTEE, Haywood Co., Tenn. ED. F. M'GEHEE, Panola, Miss. R. D. PARTEE, Panola Co., Miss.
PARTEE, M'GEHEE & CO
COTTON FACTORS,
—AND—
General Commission Merchants
COOPER BLOCK, Monroe Street.
Liberal Advances Made on Consignments.

IN referring to our card as above, we would say that in the future, as in the past, we will give our best attention to the interest of our patrons on all consignments made us. That while our facilities are at least equal to any, THE USUAL CHARGES WILL BE MADE, and we pledge ourselves that the result to the planter on all business intrusted to us shall be as favorable as from any other house of equal standing, or from parties who may propose to transact the business for less than we feel we can justly and safely afford to do. oct-3m

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
278 Front Street, Up-Stairs.
IN entering upon another commercial year, with the experience of the past, fraught with the many vicissitudes incident to a changed system of agriculture, and for which most of our planters were little prepared, resulting in heavy loss to planter and merchant, we are most earnestly urged, and for which cash system in our business—taking no risk, and making our sales prompt upon receipt of consignments, remitting proceeds with as little delay as possible; but in all cases obeying instructions of shippers, and using our best endeavors to promote the interest of our patrons.

Our arrangements for furnishing Supplies, Bagging, Rope, Gunnies, Groceries and Provisions are such, that we promise to furnish them at our lowest market price, and make it as much, or more, to your interest to order through us, than to purchase in person.

Hoping to receive your patronage and influence, we are, respectfully,
oct2 3m F. W. IRVINE & CO.

TITUS & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 10 Jefferson Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

WE respectfully solicit a share of the business of the planters of the South. We thank our former customers for their patronage, and would be pleased to have them continue business with us. Our charges are the same as heretofore. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured, unless otherwise instructed.

DR. MARCUS BOGERT,
DENTIST,
Office—Corner Main and Madison Streets,
Over Dr. Bogert's Drug Store.
Residence—Gayoso House. nov12 1f

**DR. J. M. KEATING

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

WEDNESDAY, : : : DECEMBER 25, 1867

ALBERT PIKE, EDITOR.
LEON TROUBDALE, ASSOCIATE EDITOR.
HARRY BEEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, CASHIER AND BUSINESS MANAGER.

Editorial Rooms—No. 292 MAIN STREET, UP STAIRS, OVER GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
Business Office—No. 13 MADISON STREET.

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Richard Thruston, Van Buren, Ark.
Read Fletcher, Pine Bluff, Ark.
Jno. M. Eakin, Washington, Ark.
Rev. A. R. Winfield, Camden, Ark.
C. G. Joy, Bolivar, Tenn.

PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

FOR MAYOR.

MAJOR A. T. LACEY.

CHRISTMAS OBSERVANCE.

In compliance with a time-honored Southern custom, this day will be observed as a holiday in the office of the APPEAL. There will consequently be no paper issued from this office to-morrow morning.

CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR.

A. T. LACEY was nominated for Mayor on Monday evening by a convention of Conservative men. He is one of our most solid merchants, shrewdest and most reliable business men and respectable citizens. No man can object to him on the score of capacity, integrity or fitness for the office. On this account, and because he is the nominee of Conservative men, the APPEAL, which is unalterably opposed to negro suffrage under all possible circumstances and without qualifications, and to every tenet and phase of Radicalism, will support him heartily and truly. We shall not compromise our position of eternal opposition to the Radical party by sustaining any man who belongs to that organization. We would prefer to fall with a true and honest white man's candidate, to success in the support of any Radical. This is our fixed position, with regard to all candidates for every office of every character.

POWER VS. THE PRESS.

A singular contest is now being waged in Memphis, which may well attract the attention and excite the interest of men.

A city journal, the *Avalanche*, a short time since, animadverted upon the action had by the Judge of the Criminal Court of Memphis, in admitting a person accused of crime to bail. The matter thus commented upon was over and ended; but the Judge of the Criminal Court nevertheless issued an order for the arrest of the editors and proprietors of the *Avalanche* upon the charge of contempt committed by the publication in question. His power to deal with them as for a contempt, and the merits of the controversy generally, are now being discussed before him by learned and able counsel. In the meantime the same journal did not choose to remain silent, but commented on the proceedings, and, in one bitter and merciless article assailed the Judge, WILLIAM HUNTER, in person, in words of concentrated cruelty, severer than those with which JUNIUS flagellated his unfortunate victims, and which must have stung and cut like the stripes of the lash upon the naked skin. For these publications, additional proceedings for contempt have been taken; and yesterday the *Avalanche* again denounces Mr. HUNTER, as man and Judge, spits upon him and his Court, and dares him to do his worst.

In the meantime, also, the Judge has interested the whole Press of the Country in the controversy, by ordering it to refrain from publishing any account of the current proceedings in the matter, and by attempting to exclude the reporter of the *Avalanche* from the Court-room. If these measures can succeed, in the case of the *Avalanche*, and if it comes to be the case that men shall be incarcerated for censuring judicial functionaries, and that when one is being tried for that pretended offence, no press shall dare to make known to the people what transpires in the Court-room, or to print the arguments of Counsel, then there is no longer any liberty of speech or freedom of the press in Tennessee; and the law established for one journal will be applied to all.

We do not propose to enter into the *personal* controversy between the conductors of the *Avalanche* and Judge HUNTER. But we certainly shall, in this case, as in every other that becomes of public interest, freely comment upon any unlawful assumption of power, and any infringement by Officer or Tribunal upon the rights of the citizen, and especially upon the liberty of the Press. We shall do so, we hope, in the spirit which becomes one with whose opinions no private grudges or personal animosities intermingle; in the spirit which becomes one who desires to respect the laws and tribunals of the country in which he lives; but we shall certainly not be deterred from speaking frankly what we deem to be the truth, by any fear of the power or process of any Court.

This is the old English law of contempt, as defined by Rules of Practice in Chancery, 99, 100.

"A contempt is a disobedience to the Court, or an opposing or despising the authority, justice or dignity thereof. It commonly consists in a party's doing otherwise than he is enjoined to do, or not doing what he is commanded or required by the process, order or decree of the Court. Sometimes it arises by one or more, their opposing or disturbing the execution or service of the process of the Court, or using force to the party that serves it. *Sometimes by using words importing scorn, reproach or diminution of the Court, its process, orders, officers or ministers,* UPON EXECUTING OR SERVING SUCH PROCESS OR ORDERS. It is also a contempt to abuse the process of the Court, by wilfully doing any wrong in executing it, or making use of it as a handle to do wrong, or to do anything under colour or pretence of process o authority of this Court, without such process or authority."

The clause which we have italicised is the only one that can apply to the case now before the Criminal Court of this City; and it will be seen that "words importing scorn, reproach or diminution of the Court, its orders, process, officers or ministers," are a contempt, only when spoken "upon executing or serving such process or orders."

In the *Queen vs. Langley*, 2 *Salkeld* 673, HOLT, Ch. J. said that words spoken of and to a Mayor, when not in the execution of his office, were not indictable, though they would be so if written. *And by the whole Court*, for these petit offences which are *contra bonos mores*, the law has another provision, by requiring surety for the peace and good behaviour; in default whereof the Magistrate may commit him, *when spoken out of Court; and when in Court, then the Magistrate may proceed summarily against him, and fine him for the contempt.*

So, in *Simmons v. Swecte*, Cro. *Eliz.* 78, where a party said to another that the Mayor of Barstable was a fool, and the Mayor, hearing of it, commanded an officer to imprison him, it was adjudged that this was no defence for the officer, in an action against him for false imprisonment; "but for such words he" (the Mayor) "might have bound him to his good behaviour, but was not to imprison him; *yet if the Mayor had been in public place of justice*, and he had called him by such opprobrious words, he might imprison him."

So in *Dean's Case, Cro. Eliz.* 689, ANDERSON, J. said, "There are divers statutes, that for private discourtesies, one shall not be imprisoned; and therefore I see not how this custom can be maintained. *A man may be imprisoned for a contempt done in the Court, but not for a contempt out of Court*; and therefore he ought not to have been committed for such a private abuse." The whole Court assented, and the party was discharged.

So, in *The King v. Revel, Str.* 420, REVEL was *indicted*, for saying of Sir EDWARD LAWRENCE, a Justice of the Peace, *in the execution of his office*, "You are a rogue and a liar." It was urged that the words were not indictable, though the Justice might have committed him for the contempt. *Sed per curiam.* The allowing he might be committed, shows they were indictable. It is true the Justice may make himself Judge, and punish him immediately; but still if he thinks proper to proceed less summarily by way of indictment, he may: *the true distinction is, that where the words are spoke in the presence of the Justice, there he may commit; but where it is behind his back, the party can be only indicted for a breach of the peace.*"

In *The King v. Unitt*, Str. 567, "the Court declared that a declaration in ejectment was so far a process of the Court, that they would punish contemptuous words *on the delivery of it*, as a contempt of this Court."

So, in *in Queen v. Grosse*, 6 *Mod.* 44, "He confessed on interrogatories, that a copy of a writ being served upon him, and the writ shewed, and before he knew the contents of it, or out of what Court it was, he had spoke with contempt; and this was judged a contempt."

These are the old common law authorities, of the days of COKE and HOLT and their predecessors, of the reign of ELIZABETH, JAMES I, CHARLES I., and CHARLES II., when Courts claimed to the full extent of their prerogatives, and exercised *all* their powers. And these are *all* the authorities that there are of those days, bearing on the questions on which counsel are enlightening Judge HUNTER. There are none, of those days, conflicting with these.

Let us look, now, to the early and later days of the Court of Chancery in England:

In *Pool v. Sacheverell*, 1 *Peere Wms.* 675, in 1720, before Lord Chancellor PARKER, afterwards Lord MACCLESFIELD, a suit for property between individuals, in which it was a question whether the defendant had been legally married to the person whose estate was in dispute, POOL published an advertisement in a newspaper, offering a reward of 100 pounds to whomsoever should prove certain facts as to the marriage.

It was moved before the Master of the Rolls, that POOL should be committed, for publishing this advertisement, the cause being still pending. The Master of the Rolls referred it to the Lord Chancellor, "as being a matter of great moment, concerning, on one side, the liberty of the subject, and on the other the preservation of evidence from subornation and corruption." There was more regard paid then to the liberty of the subject, than there is now to the liberty of the citizen; and the responsibility of decision that Judge HUNTER covets, was not then *sought*, at least, even by the Master of the Rolls.

"The motion being made before Lord CHANCELLOR, it was by him adjourned to the next seal, after which at another day the Lord Chancellor with great solemnity pronounced his opinion." He said:

"This tends to the suborning of witnesses, is very dangerous, and not only greatly criminal, but is a contempt of the Court, *being a means of preventing justice in a cause now depending.* . . And as the Court may, so it ought, to punish this proceeding.

It was objected that the matter was now over, viz: the sentence in the Spiritual Court, and the trial. But the Lord Chancellor said that it was not, because if, in the reward offered, affidavits should come in, proving what it desired proved, they might procure a new trial, overturning all the proceedings theretofore passed. And he said, "It is a reproach to the Justice of the Nation, and an insufferable thing, to make a public offer in a print to procure evidence," and that it was to offer a reward to swear or procure others to swear a certain thing; "and this," he said, "*in a cause now pending here.*" He said that the justice of the Court, nay, the Justice of the Nation, was concerned in so public a case; and committed the offender.

In *Read and Huggonson's case*, 2 *Atkyns*, 469, before Lord Chancellor HARDWICKE, in 1742, the motion was against two printers of newspapers, who had published a libel against certain parties, charging them with turning affidavitmen, in a cause still depending in the Court, between individuals. The Lord Chancellor said: "Nothing is more incumbent upon Courts of Justice than to preserve their proceedings from being misrepresented; nor is there anything of more pernicious consequence than to prejudice the minds of the public against persons concerned as parties in causes, *before the cause is finally heard.*"

He first held that the paper was a defamatory libel; and then said:

"There are three different sorts of contempt.

"One kind of contempt is scandalizing the Court itself.

"There may be likewise a contempt of this Court, in abusing parties who are concerned in causes here.

"There may be also a contempt of this Court, in prejudicing mankind against persons *before the cause is heard.*

"There cannot be anything of greater consequence, than to keep the streams of Justice clear and pure, that parties may proceed with safety both to themselves and their characters."

He instanced a case where it was a contempt in a party to publish his brief before the cause came on; saying that the offence consisted in "prejudicing the world with regard to the merits of the cause before it was heard."

And he said: "Upon the whole, there is no doubt, but this is a contempt of the Court."

In *Cann* v. *Cann*, 2 *Vesey*, 520, in 1754, also before Lord HARDWICKE, the publisher of a newspaper was committed for having published an advertisement relating to an answer in Chancery put in in a case still pending in the Court. The Chancellor said that "his reason for committing was not only for the sake of the party injured by such advertisement, but for the sake of the public proceedings in this Court, to hinder such advertisements which tend to prepossess people as to the proceedings in the Court."

In *Roach v. Garvan*, 2 *Dickens*, 794, before Lord HARDWICKE, in 1742, two printers were committed for publishing a letter containing aspersions on the defendants in the suit, touching their proceedings in the matters in the causes depending, and misrepresenting the proceedings.

In *Charlton's case*, 2 *Mylne & Craig*, 316, in 1836 and 1837, before Lord Chancellor COTTENHAM, a barrister appeared before a Master, as counsel in support of a petition presented by himself and others, and afterwards addressed a letter to the Master, while the matter was still depending, which was expressed in threatening terms, and the tendency of which was to induce the Master to alter the opinion which he was supposed to have formed upon the case.

When the Lord Chancellor first noticed the case, he said that the letter was insulting and calumnious, and concluded with a direct threat, the object of which was to induce the Master to alter his opinion, and give one favorable to the writer of the letter.

The Barrister then wrote a letter to the Chancellor, avowing the authorship of that to the Master, and reporting at much length charges of unfair action against that officer. The Lord Chancellor, in deciding the matter said that every one acquainted with the proceedings of the Court must obviously see that the letters contained a most gross and aggravated contempt of the Court. He said: "The power of committal is given to Courts of Justice, for the purpose of securing the better and more secure administration of justice. Every writing, letter or publication *which has for its object to divert the course of justice*, is a contempt of the Court. It is for that reason that publications of proceedings which have already taken place, when made *with a view of influencing the ultimate result of the cause*, have been deemed contempts. It would be strange, indeed, if the Judges of the Court were the only persons not protected from libels, writings and proceedings, *the direct object of which is to pervert the course of justice.* Every insult offered to a Judge, *in the exercise of the duties of his office*, is a contempt."

Among the cases cited by his Lordship he referred to *ex parte Jones*, 13 *Vesey* 237, in which case a pamphlet had been published, dedicated to the Lord Chancellor, reflecting on the conduct of persons who were acting, *under orders of the Court*, in the management of the affairs of a lunatic, and the author and printer were committed to the fleet. In giving judgment, Lord ERSKINE observed, that "it never had been or could be denied, that a publication, not only with an obvious tendency, but with the design, *to obstruct the ordinary course of justice*, was a very high contempt;" and that the object was "to procure a different species of judgment from that which would be administered in the ordinary course, and by flattering the Judge to taint the source of justice."

"It is immaterial," Lord COTTENHAM said, "what measures are adopted, *if the object is to taint the source of justice, and to obtain a result of legal proceedings different from that which would follow in the ordinary course.*" It was, he said, a contempt of the highest order, how foolish and idle soever the attempt might be.

The Chancellor afterwards said, "The writing matter scandalous with respect to the Master is, comparatively, an immaterial part of the offence. That part of the offence—which I thought it my bounden duty to visit with punishment, was, *the attempt improperly to influence the conduct of the Master in the matter pending before him.*"

Pending the proceedings in this case, attacks on the Plaintiff and his witnesses were published in a newspaper, representing these proceedings as vexatious, and that the witnesses had in their evidence been guilty of perjury; this was a contempt; and the Master of the Rolls, Lord LANGDALE, said that whatever might have been the Editor's belief, it would not protect him from the consequences, if his publication was *of such a nature as to disturb the free course of justice.* He said, "The effect of such publications would seem to be not only to deter persons from coming forward to give evidence on one side, but to induce witnesses to give evidence on the other side alone." This case is *Littler v. Thompson 2 Beavan* 129. The Master of the Rolls said, "What I am to consider is this, whether these papers are or are not calculated to obstruct the free course of justice." And he held that it was a contempt, to publish such articles "pending the progress of a cause."

In *the matter of John Crawford*, 13 *Adolphus & Ellis*, N. S. 613, in 1849, in the Queen's Bench, CRAWFORD had written and published an article commenting on the proceedings in a cause depending in the Chancery Court of the Isle of Man, and was committed for it. On habeas corpus it was urged that the Chancery Court could have no general power of commitment for a libel published out of Court, when it was not in session. PATTERSON J. said that in *Rex v. Almon*, Mr. Justice WILMOT wrote a very learned judgment, which was not delivered, because the case was dropped, in which "he satisfactorily shows that a Court of record has power to punish, by commitment for contempt, a libel published while the Court is not sitting;" and he said that there must be a choice as to the mode of proceeding, because Mr. Justice WILMOT said that the punishment might be by indictment, or committal for contempt." ERLE, J. said, "It has been established, on good reason, that a tribunal has power to protect itself, by committing for a contempt relating to the exercise of its powers." He said that though the publication was made while the Court was not sitting, and perhaps at some distance of the time and place, the judgment of Mr. Justice WILMOT shewed "*that such a publication may have a strong and immediate tendency* to paralyze the proceedings of the Court."

In *Van Sandau's* case, 1 *Phillips* 445, before Lord COTTENHAM, in 1844, after the Chief Judge of the Court of Review in Bankruptcy had given judgment in a case, but before the minutes of the order were finally settled, VAN SANDAU, Solicitor for one of the parties, published a printed circular, *and distributed copies of it to persons in the Court*, containing defamatory charges against the solicitors of the other side, and commenting in severe and disrespectful terms on the judgment. The Lord Chancellor said that the publication was "a gross and impudent libel upon the Court and the learned Judge, imputing to them the most unworthy motives in pronouncing the judgment. * * * A more gross and scandalous libel upon the administration of justice never was published," he said; and added, "*It was circulated while the matter was still pending*, and before the minutes of the order were finally settled. * * * It was even distributed by Mr. VAN SANDAU in the Court itself, and in the presence of the learned Judge, to the Solicitors who were attending the business of the Court."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

CHRISTMAS.

Christmas is always a joyous day to youth and the little ones. It is providential that it is so. Could the veil, which separates the realities of life from their bright hopes and beautiful imaginings, be lifted, and the whole hideous reality be exposed to their view, as it is seen by those who are engaged in the real scenes of life, their bright eyes would lose much of that lustre which is the charm and solace of their seniors, and their lithe forms would be bowed down with the care and solicitude which are the evidences of decay and decrepitude. Let us rejoice that our little boys and girls see nothing of those torturing anxieties which are the heritage of the men and women of our day, and that they may have a real reverence for SANTA CLAUS, as a being who comes as the benefactor of little children upon the birth-day of our Savior, CHRIST. Who can resist the desire to gratify the innocent expectations of these little ones on such a day? The times are pinching. Even the rich find their bank accounts short. Yet the little fairies, that are the light of every household, never doubt the advent of SANTA CLAUS. He is an inhabitant of an ice-palace. His chariot is drawn by reindeers which can mount the icy air and speed from city to city and house to house with the eagerness of Fancy. His stores are innumerable. His resources are without limit. Santa Claus never becomes bankrupt. He always has some good gift for good little boys and girls. It is a hallowed hallucination. Who would break the spell? Who would tear away the veil which separates the stern reality of to-day and divest them of the glowing images of their imagination? We would not, on this sacred holiday. We should prefer, rather to obliterate the actual condition of our country, and the absolute truth, as we view it, and to lead all our readers, old and young, into the cloud-land of the youthful fantasy, where they can see joy and pleasure in each passing moment to the virtuous and just, and where they can hail the advent-day of the Savior, with hearts as glad and songs as gleeful as those which sung "Peace on earth and good will toward men," when the wise men of the East first hailed the coming Messiah.

CHRISTMAS.

[ALBERT PIKE.]

The Christmas time is drawing near, the pleasant Christmas time:
Let us hail its coming cheerfully, with a song of rude old rhyme:
A good rough song, like those that when Old England yet was young,
Under old Saxon rafters with a jolly chorus rung;
And round shall pass the merry glass, grim Care we'll drive away,
And music and the dance shall greet the gladsome Christmas day.

Old feuds we'll bury fathoms deep, old friendships we'll renew,
And closer cling to those we love, as the ivy to the yew:
There may be winter out of doors, the keen cold wind may sing
Shrilly and sharply, but within the warm heart shall be Spring:
Kind feelings, like sweet jassamine buds and flowers, shall come again,
And blossom like the summer rose, blessed with a morning rain.

Had we our way, the good old sports should be revived once mo e;
Again should maiden's little feet dance twinkling on the floor;
While overhead again should hang the dark green mistletoe,
And all lips that strayed under it the forfeit pay, we know.
The Yule-log should again be brought by many a stout, strong hand,
And some fair girl should light it, with the last year's sacred brand,

Once more should pass the wassail-bowl, of nut-brown ale and old,
A sovereign panacea, that, against the Winter's cold!
With the nutmeg, toast and ginger:—all the vintage o: the Rhine
Can neither warm the brain as well, nor make a dark eye shine
With half s much mad mischief, or with half as merry glee;—
So away with wine!—good Christmas ale for my sweetheart and me!

"And both in town and country, in the cottage and the hall,
There should be fires to curb the cold, and meat for great and small."
The neighbors should be bidden in, and all have welcome true,
And think the good old fashions were far better than the new:
The roasted apples once again should cover all the hearth,
And many a good old-fashioned game make the rafters ring with mirth.

And the boar's head, dressed with a green silk scarf, and with trumpets blown before,
Come marching solemnly along, with a carol sung at the door;
Then the maidens should the cake cut up, and she who found the bean,
Should be, the whole long holiday, a lovely Christmas Queen;
Who would rebel if ADALISK OF SUSAN wore the crown,
Or MARIAN OF BETTIE ruled the bravest with a frown?

And the Christmas Tree again should grow, and its golden fruit ag shine
Around its dark green glossy leaves; the ivy fondly twine
Its melancholy tendrils round the trunk and every limb,
As sad thoughts cling around the heart, when at night the fire burns dim:
Not of holly, bay or laurel—let us have no Kingly tree,
But the lusty green Magnolia, fit emblem for the free.

Alas! the good old days are gone! Time blows a steady gale;
On the waves of new strang: oceans fall the sunbeams of our sail;
No more old games we play, we crown no fair young queen or king;
'Twas a mere idle dream, that through my mind went w andering;
Like as a sea-wind gently blows through a shell upon the shore,
And wakes a low, sweet melody, mingling with ocean's roar.

Not all a dream! we can forgive those that have done us wrong,
Draw closer to old friends, and make affection's bonds more strong;
Can make more sunlight on our path, more starlight in the heart,
And get us ready for the time when we must hence depart;
So shall we live in peace with all, and when we pass away,
Look back without a bitter thought to this fair CHRISTMAS DAY. 1867.

THE NEWS.

—Some of the Northern churches have been arrayed in their Christmas garb at a cost of over $1500 each.

—Geo. Peabody is to give a silver dinner service to Atlantic Cable Field.

—During the coming year three mails a day will leave St. Louis for New York and Eastern cities.

—Twenty-five thousand eight hundred and fifty-four bales of the hop crop of '67 have been recently shipped from Wisconsin.

—A New York paper suggests starting a snow-ball club in that city.

—The small-pox is reported to be prevalent in Pittsburg, Pa.

—Boston, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Cincinnati, are all named in connection with the Democratic National Convention.

—Gen. Pope refuses to recognize any of the provisions of the Alabama Convention until it shall have been ratified by the people.

—Butler says he knows there are seven millions of negroes in the South—the registry of voters show it.

—A Brahma rooster was recently killed in Amesbury, Mass., and in its crop were found thirteen nickel cents and two two-cent pieces.

—Boston comprises nearly all of Suffolk county, and annexation to that city is now called suffokation.

—The first shad of the season was served up in Charleston on the 15th.

—It is said Ole Bull has even increased his fervor and imagination, and is still studying new surprises in finish and execution.

—The negro insurrectionary leader in Alabama, George Schorter, has been convicted and sentenced to imprisonment.

—Scotch papers announce the reappearance of the cattle-plague. Already numbers of sheep and other animals have died.

—Prentice says that Carl Schurz's writings make people laugh almost as much as his fighting, so-called, used to do.

—The *Times* says: Terrible suffering must ensue in Louisiana if the crevasse in the Grand Levees is not repaired before the freshets come on.

—Steamboats on a new plan, with grain elevators, hoisting machinery, improved steering apparatus, etc., are to be built for navigating the Mississippi.

—New Orleans is about to be dazzled with another black and tan Convention. The Loyal Leagues, black and white, will meet in State Convention on the 16th inst. Every shade from Abyssinian black to Wickliff pallor will be represented.

—Lake Mendato, near Madison, Wis. is the only inland lake in the State where white fish abound. The public spirited ex-Gov. Farwell had the lake stocked fifteen years ago.

—The chief furniture of the new Chess Club room at Springfield, Mass., consists of three colossal spittoons, which may be spat into from all parts of the room.

—The Louisville *Courier*, offers advice very pertinent to this day, to beware, equally, of draughts of cold, and draughts of hot whisky.

—Says the Montgomery *Mail*, "that very absurd and bad man, Pope, is having a defense of his military career published in that very absurd and bad newspaper, the Atlanta *New Era*."

—The New York and New Haven railroad have commenced heating their cars by means of hot water, which is carried under each seat, thus economizing the heat and making the seats very comfortable.

—A correspondent of the *American Farmer* says it is now believed the hop vines can be made to pay the whole expense of raising the crop, as they "can be profitably worked up into coarse cloth."

—In the present condition of the Pacific railroad, it requires but fifteen days to transport passengers and mails from New York to San Francisco. Between Omaha and Salt Lake, the time required for transportation is five days.

—Gen. Capron, the new Commissioner of Agriculture, enters upon the administration of his department with an executive energy and a determination to reform abuses akin to that of Gen. Grant in the War Department.

—England has another barbarian war in prospect. Bishop Crother, of Sierra Leone, went on a visitation up the Nile, was taken prisoner, and, in the course of effecting his release by force of arms, the Vice Consul, Mr. Fell, was killed. Evidently the Africans have no regard for "prestige."

—Reports from all sections of Ohio give highly encouraging accounts of the condition of the crops. Owing to the very favorable weather at seeding time, a greater breadth of grain was sown than last year, and as the winter commences the crop is found in good condition in most localities.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

FROM LITTLE ROCK.

Steamer Little Rock Lost—Boat and Cargo Total Loss—Organization of the Democratic Party—Circular of the State Central Committee.

Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.

LITTLE ROCK, December 24.—The stern-wheel steamer Little Rock, plying between this port and Fort Smith, struck a snag and sunk, about six miles above Clarendon, yesterday morning. Immediately after sinking, the boat caught fire and burned to the water's edge, proving, with her cargo, a total loss. Her passengers, amounting to about twenty-five or thirty, as well as her crew, were all saved. The Little Rock was almost a new boat, having been built last season. She belonged to the Little Rock and Fort Smith Packet Company, and was valued at $20,000. She was partly insured in Cincinnati and St. Louis offices.

The following card appears in to-day's *Gazette*:

ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
LITTLE ROCK, ARK., December 21, 1867.

The undersigned, constituting the Democratic State Central Committee of Arkansas, do appoint that a Convention of the Democratic party be held at Little Rock, on Monday, the 27th day of January next, at 12 o'clock m. First, for the purpose of a more thorough organization; second, the adoption of rules of action; third, the election of delegates to the National Democratic Convention. Each county will be entitled in the Convention to the vote of such county in the more numerous branch of the last General Assembly, and to send as many delegates as may be desirable. All citizens who desire the return of peace with its manifold blessings, and are in favor of the economical administration of public expenditures—all who adhere to the Constitution of the United States and approve the purposes for which it was ordained as proclaimed by the white men who framed it, and who are not engaged in secret plots with ignorant and deluded negroes, for establishing negro supremacy and an arbitrary government on the ruins of the Union it was intended to perpetuate, are invited to co-operate.

[Signed] ROBT. A. HOWARD, Chairman.
A. B. Williams, Wm. Byers, J. S. Ingraham, R. C. Newton, L. B. Moore, P. A. Terry.
JOHN M. HARRELL, Secretary.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 24.—The Convention to-day almost unanimously adopted Goolie's resolution, repealing the bond ordinance adopted instead of the one reported by the Finance Committee, which provides for a direct tax of one mill per cent. on all real and personal property, to be collected by sheriffs. Also ordinance appointing a committee to negotiate a loan for immediate necessities. If successful the money collected as tax will be placed to the credit of this loan.

In the State Fair of January 7th, the manufactured products of British Honduras will form a leading feature.

Galveston advices say that the Kickapoo Indians are committing murders and outrages on the Rio Grande, and that others were crossing into Mexico.

Judge Norman applied to Gen. Reynolds for permission to indict and claim the Indians from Mexico under the extradition treaty.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 24.—The *Commercial Advertiser* says an arrangement has been entered into between the Adams, American, United States and Merchants' Union Express Companies, to take effect January 1, 1868, and is substantially as follows: The net earnings of the companies are to be consolidated and divided as follows: Adams four per cent., 29; American, 29; United States, 18; Merchants' Union, 23. The territory of the companies is to be so subdivided as each shall occupy the same territory in proportion. The expenses are generally to be reduced, and the entire management of the business is to be put in the hands of a Board of Control, consisting of one member from each Board of Directors, which four choose the fifth as President. The same tariff as was in operation previous to the Merchants' Union going into existence, will be adopted, with few variations.

The steamer Cambria, from Hamburg, via Southampton the 12th, arrived to-day.

The gales of yesterday afternoon destroyed a new brick house on Second avenue, New York, and another on Graham Avenue, Brooklyn. Several persons were injured. The roofs of three new houses in Brooklyn were also blown off.

FROM LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, December 24.—The river rising this evening, six and a half feet in canal.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 24.—Prominent Senators do not hesitate to state that the Senate will disagree by a large majority to consent to the purchase of St. Thomas Island. Wade opposes the treaty, and is in favor of censuring the President's action already taken in this matter.

It is presumed that President Johnson will remove Gen. Pope from the command of the Fourth Military District, and assign Gen. Wood to the position.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, December 24.—At the banquet given at the Royal Polytechnic, on Saturday night last, the following telegraphic correspondence was read amid great enthusiasm: "The Duke of Wellington and Directors and guests of the Royal Polytechnic, at London, send their most respectful greeting to the President of the United States. Their apology being that to the discoveries of science this intercourse between great nations is indebted." This message was only nine minutes and twenty seconds in transit to Washington. Reply to Duke of Wellington and others: "WASHINGTON, December 21—I reciprocate the friendly salutation of the banqueting party, and cordially agree in the sentiment that free and quick communication between governments and nations is an important agent in preserving peace and advancing the interests of civilization. Signed, ANDREW JOHNSON." The reply occupied twenty-nine minutes in actual transmission.

Fenians are still active. Efforts were made last evening to destroy the gas works at Glasgow, but were unsuccessful. The authorities are doubly watchful, and no further trouble is anticipated. Dispatches from various parts of the kindom report everything quiet to-day.

A dispatch from Naples to-day says the eruption of Mount Vesuvius is increasing in power and splendor.

Consols 92½; Illinois Central, 87½; Eries, 43¾.

FRANKFORT, December 24, (evening.) 5 20s, 78½.

PARIS, December 24, (evening.)—Rentes flat.

LIVERPOOL, December 24.—All markets here and at Liverpool will be closed to-morrow, and Thursday. Cotton closed heavy; sales, 800 bales; middling uplands, 7½d; Orleans, 7¾d. Manchester advices are unfavorable.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 24.—Cotton, middling, 14½@14½c; sales, 5000 bales; receipts, 7776. Sugar firm and tending upward, common, 9½@10½c; prime to choice, 13@13¾c. Molasses, active, fair, 62c; prime, 72c; choice, 75c. Flour, dull and depressed, superfine, $9 50; choice, $12 50@14 50. Corn, quiet and firm, $1 06@1 12½. Oats, 85@85c. Pork, dull and depressed, New Mess offered at $22 50, without selling; Bacon, retailing; Shoulders, 11c; Clear Sides, 15¾@15¾; Lard market, bare, tierces and kegs, 13½c. Sterling, 42½@47½. York sight, ½@¾ discount. Gold, 32½.

ST. LOUIS, December 24.—Tobacco, dull and lower; lugs, $4 50@7 50; common to medium leaf, $7 50@13; other grades nominal. Flour, dull and but little doing. Wheat, lower and unsettled, $2 65@2 75; prime to choice fall, $1 25@2. Corn dull, 88@90c. Oats declined to 67@71c. Barley is held at $1 75@1 82. Rye heavy, $1 85. Provisions, quiet. Mess pork is held at $21 50 and no sales. Bacon, small sales; shoulders, 10½c; clear sides, 13½c; choice sugar cured hams, 17½c; dry salt shoulders, 8c; rib sides, 10½c. Hogs, supply moderate and demand firm, varying from $5 50@6 80, light to very heavy.

CINCINNATI, December 24.—Flour dull, X, $10@10 25; Family, $10 75@11. Wheat, dull, No. 1, $2 50; No. 2, $2 45; Corn, dull, 80@82c in ear. Oats, 65c. Rye, scarce, $1 60. Barley, unchanged. Whisky, dull, 23c in bond. Hogs, dressed, $7 25@8 40.

LOUISVILLE, December 24.—Tobacco dull; sales to day 64 hhds., $5@13. Hogs, 64 gross. Mess Pork, $21. Superfine flour, $7 50@8; choice, $11 50@12 50. Wheat, $2 30@2 40. Corn, shelled in bulk, 78c; ear, 73c. Lard dull, 12½c. Whisky, in bond, 28@30c. Bacon, shoulders, 10½c; clear sides, 13½c.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....SHIRLEY H. FRANCE
Treasurer.....G. D. STEINKUHL

MERRY CHRISTMAS!

Wednesday Evening, December 25.—The favorite artiste, FRANK MAYO, in Shakespeare's not play of MACBETH, with Locke's music produced with great care.

Doors open at ½ to 7; curtain to rise at 7½ precisely. Seats may be secured six days in advance.

GRAND FAIR AND FESTIVAL

—AT—

MEMPHIS CLUB HALL,

Tendered by the Ladies of the

Congregation Children of Israel

For the purpose of

REMODELING THEIR TEMPLE,

Commencing

TUESDAY EVENING, DEC. 24,

And continuing for a week (Friday evening excepted).

Tickets can be had at Merriman's, Clark's, Katzenbach's, Cowperthwait's, and of the Committee, at the hall. dec20

THE ANNUAL FAIR,

For the Support, Clothing, etc.,

OF THE ORPHANS,

Will be held in

EXCHANGE BUILDING,

Commencing

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 26,

And terminat New Year's night.

No doubt an appeal for the Orphans will be generously responded to by all classes of the community. dec15 2w

RACES! RACES!! RACES!!!

Christmas Day.

THE MEMPHIS ASSOCIATION COURSE offers a Purse of $400 for a Trotting Race on the 25th of December, 1867, free for all horses, mile heats, three best in five, to wagon; $25 entrance. Good day—good track. Three or more to fill. To close on the 21st inst. at 7 o'clock at the Bayou House.

dec14 A. D. GIBSON, Secretary.

TRUSTEE SALE.

UNDER and by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed by J. S. Cummings on the 5th day of July, A.D., 1867, to me, as Trustee, to secure the payment of a certain note therein recited, I will, on the

24th Day of January, 1868,

Sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock a.m., the undivided one-half interest of said J. S. Cummings in and to the steamer Natoma; the deed aforesaid is recorded in the United States Customhouse, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, in "book D," pages 179, 180 and 181. To the title to said interest I do not undertake to be good, but I only convey as Trustee.

JAMES LEE, Jr., Trustee.
December 23, 1867. dec24 tds

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The "MAYFIELD PLACE," containing 640 acres, 350 cleared and under fence, a good gin and ginhouse, stables and necessary out-houses, a nice dwelling, two good cisterns and one well, spring on the place which affords running water the year round. This place is situated on the Horn Lake road, 12 miles from Memphis, and will be sold to suit the times. If not sold by the 15th of January, 1868, will be rented to a good tenant. Apply to

R. DUDLEY FRAYSER, Att'y.
No. 11 Madison street, or to
J. S. LANE, on the premises.

FOR RENT.—No. 34½ Adams street—BAUM'S OLD STAND. The house contains 8 rooms besides Bar-room and cellars; also, a back lot. Apply to R. DUDLEY FRAYSER, Att'y.
dec24 No. 11 Madison street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THE Nonconnah Turnp

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FIT ZENS OF THE FIFTH WARD: Having received the nomination of the Democratic Conservative Convention of the Fifth Ward, I most respectfully ask the support of the citizens of the Ward who claim to belong to the white man's party.
MARTIN COHEN.
dec21 te

EDITORS APPEAL: Among the several candidates named for the office of Mayor at our next municipal election, we consider as the most suitable our fellow-citizen, JOHN O'CONNER. Please announce him as our choice, and oblige
A MAJORITY OF VOTERS.
dec18 te

JOHN CURRIN is a candidate for Alderman of the Ninth Ward at the approaching municipal election.
dec13 te

THOMAS MOFFET is a candidate for Alderman of the Eighth Ward at the ensuing election.
dec11 te

JOHN NEWSOM is a candidate for City Tax Collector at the ensuing municipal election.
dec10 te

J. D. DAVIS is a candidate for re-election as City Tax Collector on Privileges.
dec8 te

J. P. FOSTER is a candidate for City Tax Collector, at the ensuing election.
dec7

WE are authorized to announce Captain STEVE W. WILKINS as a candidate for re-election to the office of Wharfmaster, at the ensuing election.
dec7

FOR CITY TAX COLLECTOR ON PRIVILEGES.—We are authorized to announce WILLIAM UNDERWOOD as a candidate for the office of City Tax Collector on Privileges, at the ensuing election.
dec6 te

ALEXANDER M. FERGUSON is a candidate for Alderman of the Seventh Ward, at the ensuing Municipal election.
dec5 te

W. O. LOFLAND is a candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor at the election 24 January.
dec5 te

WE are authorized to announce ROBERT G. HOLT as a candidate for Wharfmaster at the ensuing municipal election.
nov27 te

WM. H. FITCH, Jr., is a candidate for the office of Mayor at the ensuing municipal election.
nov19 te

JOHN H. BOWEN, present incumbent, is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Tax Collector, at the election to be holden in January next.

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election.
nov7 te
J. W. KING.

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. au1 tse

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT. A handsomely and fully furnished modern HOUSE, in a choice location—ten minutes' walk from Court Square. For particulars apply to D. R., Appeal office.

FOR RENT—The "CHERRY PLACE," on Bayboun avenue, 1½ miles south of Court Square. Terms reasonable to a good tenant.
PARTEE & HARRIS.
dec21 tf 14 Monroe street.

FOR RENT—COMMERCIAL HOTEL.—This desirable Hotel is now offered for lease. Apply to
J. J. & J. A. SUSEWIND,
dec17 tm At People's Bank.

FOR RENT.—The Two Basement Rooms under 16 and 18 Madison street, suitable for Barber Shops or Saloons. Also, Office above. Apply to W. R. HUNT, No. 135 Union street.
dec17 tf

FOR RENT.—A STORE on Main street, located on one of the best business portions of the city. Rent low to a good tenant. For particulars inquire at 344 Main street.
dec10

FOR RENT—

A GROCERY STORE, at the intersection of Poplar and Alabama streets. A number one stand. Can command a large country trade. Inquire on the premises, 300 Alabama street.
nov21 tf

FOR RENT—

As excellent new DWELLING HOUSE at Central Point, near the Street Railroad. Five Rooms, Kitchen, Servant's room and all conveniences. Apply to
F. NEIPP,
Architect, Irving Block, 2/4 second street.
nov29 dawtf

FOR RENT—

The elegant new building No. 7 Howard's row, three stories high, with good cellar.
Apply to
M. L. MEACHAM,
o-22 tf No. 9 Union street.

FOR RENT—

A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.
oct8-tf J. W. PAGE, jr.

For Lease.

Mulberry Grove Plantation,

ON ARKANSAS RIVER.

TWELVE miles below Pine Bluff, is above overflow, has on it a splendid dwelling, eistern orchards, steam-gin and sawmill, good fencing, etc. All in complete order. One thousand acres in a thorough state of cultivation. Almost enough hands on the place now to cultivate same.
Early application should be made to Mrs. John Waters, John *sic* Fass, Dr. T. J. Harding, or Robert Lusk, at Nashville.
oct5 tm

TO LEASE

FOR A TERM OF

FIVE YEARS,

THAT most desirable and centrally located Hotel, called "HOTEL DE EUROPE." The Furniture, of every kind, now used in the Hotel, will be sold with the Lease if desired. For terms of Lease apply at the office of
KENNY & PORTER,
Real Estate Agents, Kit Williams' Block.
oct 1 tf Corner Second and Madison Sts.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—
A Steinway & Sons' Seven Octave PIANO, nearly new, and of splendid tone, will be sold cheap for cash, at No. 101 Adams street, or at Appeal office.
dec2 tf

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A SECOND HAND ENGINE, with Boiler and Fixtures complete—Engine with Cylinder 14 inches, with 24 inches stroke, usually termed 36 horse-power, in complete order. Apply room at 251 Madison street or 296 Front Row.
SOUTH W. FT. & CT. PRESS CO.
J. H. MERRITT, Ass't Sup't.
Memphis, December 12, 1867. dec13 lm

HOMES, HOMES, HOMES.

I WILL SELL OR LEASE ON TEN YEARS' TIME FIFTY LOTS OF GROUND near the Brick Church in Chelsea, of any size suitable for Residence, Gardens, etc. Also, two of the best Gardens in the county, with good Houses. Prices very moderate. Call soon and take choice.
[nov29 5w] E. R. THOMAS.

WANTS.

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper by an old citizen, and fully competent. Will close up old books and open new ones, or do any other kind of writing. Best of references given. Address "Frank," care of Appeal office.
dec22 tf

WANTED.—A 40 d young MILCH COW, with CALF not over two months old. Apply at this office.
dec12 tf

WANTED.—To rent a Dwelling containing six or eight rooms besides kitchen; three servants' room, convenient to Court Square, or a street railway. Address "H.," Appeal office.
dec13

WANTED.

SMOKERS TO KNOW THAT GENUINE

PARTAGAS AND REGALIA DEL REY

CIGARS

Are for sale at the OVERTON HOTEL'S

Smoker's Emporium.

GEORGE L. GRAYSER.
dec8 3m Proprietor, Memphis.

LIBERAL ADVANCES

WILL BE MADE ON

CONSIGNMENTS of COTTON

TO MESSRS.

ROBERT LOCKHART & DEMPSTER,
LIVERPOOL,

By C. F. Smith,

OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
dec8 1m

GOOD NEWS FOR the HOLIDAYS

GROCERIES, GREEN & DRIED FRUITS,

Preserves, Jellies,

TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.,

—AND—

CONFECTIONERIES

IN ALL THEIR VARIETY.

WE have recently been placed in receipt of a large and most well selected stock of FANCY GROCERIES, etc., consisting in part of Almonds, Filberts, Pecans, Brazil Nuts, Citron, Russian Currants, Figs, Jellies, and Preserves of all kinds; Sauces, Pickles, Can Fruits, Soups, and a variety of other articles too lengthy for enumerating. We are also in receipt of regular shipments of Oranges, Lemons and other Green Fruits, and invite the attention of our old customers and the public generally to our stock, feeling confident that our lengthy business experience enables us to give entire satisfaction to all of our many patrons.

Tennessee Steam Candy Manufactory.

Our customers will be furnished fresh daily as heretofore, and guaranteed pure. We manufacture none but No. 1 articles, and that this fact is appreciated a liberal patronage demonstrates.
☞ Particular attention paid to the filling of country orders.
L. ROCCO & CO., Importers,
290 and 292 Second street, cor. Madison.
dec8 3m

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.
No. 636—James J. Donegan vs. samuel W. Donegan, W. R. Hendrix et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants, Christopher B. Donegan, William H. Donegan, Charles A. Donegan, Sarah F. Donegan, Berenice Fearn, Lucy Lee Fearn, Gustavus L. Martin, Mary E. Martin, William Barry, Sarah L. Barry, Matthew W. Steele, Catharine E. Steele, William W. Garth, Mary E. Garth, Ada Steele, Henry P. Atwood, Thomas P. Glancy, Caroline E. Glancy, Rhinah Smith E. Crowe, W. R. Hendrix, Mary J. Hendrix, L. F. Hollenus, Martin F. Hollenus, and J. W. Smith and Sarah E Smith are non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in February, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's amended bills, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex-parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.
A Copy—Attest:
AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.
John M. Carmack, and Stephens & Smith, Solicitors for complainant.
dec13 law4w

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office—No. 13 Madison Street.

WEDNESDAY, : : DECEMBER 25, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	1:55 p.m.	6:30 a.m
Through Mail Daily	1:50 p.m.	6:40 p.m
Somerville Accommodation Daily (Sundays excepted)	7:15 a.m.	3:40 p.m
Ticket office, 278 corner of South Court st.		

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:30 a.m.	4:30 p.m
Night Express	8:00 p.m.	6:30 a.m
Brownsville Accommodation	4:00 p.m.	10:30 a.m

Ticket office No. 53½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. R. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	8:45 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
New Orleans Mail, daily	8:45 p.m.	6:30 p.m.
Freight, daily (except Sunday)	3:45 p.m.	4:30 a.m.

To Commence Saturday, October 12th, 1867.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. dec1

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 4 p.m.
For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 3:30 p.m.
For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.
All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 3:30 p.m.
All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 3 p.m.
All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 a.m.
All Stations on Memphis and Louisville, on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly) Mondays and Fridays.
R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

BUSINESS.—We request that our advertising patrons hand in their favors at the Counting Room by six o'clock p.m., to insure insertion next day. Obituary and death notices will be received at the Composition Room up to eleven o'clock.

SPECIAL NOTICE—Hereafter individual bills of any employee or proprietor of this paper will not be allowed as an offset against accounts for advertising. All bills against the APPEAL will be paid on presentation, and no bill will be allowed unless contracted by me or by my authority.
JOHN A. ISAACS,
Cashier and Business Manager.

CHRISTMAS.—We present the customary compliments of the day to our friends and wish them "a merry Christmas." This great anniversary of an event that gave spur to civilization, and implanted in the breast of man the seeds of Christianity, and the hope of resurrection and eternal happiness through the atonement of the Saviour, has been handed down through long generations as a day of jubilee. It has not only had the sacred rites of the church, with the solemn exercises and sublime canticles of worship, for the celebration of the most marked occurrence in the march of Time, but it has been given up to festivity and general enjoyment. The Yule log and the Christmas tree, and the foaming tankard and, the *abandon*, which dispenses with rank and caste,

"And lays the Shepherd's crook beside the sceptre,"

Were the observances of our Anglo Saxon ancestors. Different countries and peoples have had different customs, but they were all founded on the one great principle of honoring the day on which the heavens and the earth were brought nearer together through Him who was sent as an example to mankind of meekness, of forbearance, of justness, and endurance under the most poignant sufferings. In our country the old paternal roof-tree bends over the gathered familiar clustered around the winter fire, or partaking of the feast at the old family board. Alas! within a few years, how many seats have been left without a tenant; how many tearful memories have been mingled with the once cheerful meeting when the old and the young were all there, and the cup of sorrow had not mixed its bitterness with the sweetened chalice of joy! "Christmas gift!" is the first salutation of the morn, and the suspended hose are speedily examined by budding childhood to gather the gifts of the beneficent St. Nicholas, or "Santa Claus" as he is universally recognized by the young. With the approach of dawn the industrious housewife is up and stirring, and the music of spoon and dish, announcing the forthcoming egg-nog, is heard in lively clatter. The mince pies and crulls and doughnuts have been the products of previous days, and crown the festive board. There is universal glee. Old and young mingle in one stream of delight. Who would deny this gleam of happiness? We are entering on a fearful season, and "we have the poor always with us." Should not those who have yet the gifts of fortune, remember that "whoso giveth to the poor, lendeth to the Lord?" One of the rounds of the ladder to Heaven is Charity. While the light of happiness is spread and the glowing grate gives forth its genial warmth, let it not escape the memory that there are those on whose hearths the embers are cold, and whose humble tables may not boast of even a meager meal. It is difficult to set aside old usages, and there will yet be squandered in trifles, much that might be converted to good, and what recollection could be more agreeable than to know that a gleam of sunshine has been thrown on a sorrowing heart, and the pangs of penury have been spirited away by a timely gift!

TO THE CITIZENS OF MEMPHIS.—By the action of a Convention, in which I did not seek to have myself represented—but in which my name was used by my friends—Capt. A. T. Lacey, a very excellent and worthy gentleman, was declared to be the choice of the people for Mayor. I, therefore, withdraw my name from the canvas.
W. O. LOFLAND.
December 24, 1867.

GRACE CHURCH.—There will be services at Grace Church at 11 o'clock this morning. Rev. Dr. Brooke, rector.

POSTOFFICE CLOSED.—To-day, Christmas, the Postoffice will be closed at 10 o'clock, a.m. The letter-carriers will pass around in the morning only.

GRAND LARCENY.—A man named Andrew Royster was before Justice Moore yesterday on the charge of grand larceny, and on investigation was sent up to the Criminal Court for trial.

FOUND.—A portion of a velvet cloak was found on Main street last night by Ned Adams. The owner can have the same by applying at our counting room.

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS REWARD Stolen from the APPEAL office, on Sunday or Monday, our Daily files for December, for which the above reward will be paid if returned to this office.

ROBBERY.—The residence of Mr. W. L. Spaulding, in the eastern part of the city, known as "Scotland," was robbed of $200 worth of clothing on Saturday night last.

A DARK CLOUD.—Any number of negroes are coming into the city—some, no doubt, to take what they can lay their hands on, and those who are not provided for already, to swell the Radical forces on election day.

HORSE GONE.—Complaint was made to the police yesterday, that a very valuable gray horse had been stolen from Mr. F. D. Atherton, No. 204 Poplar street. The deed was committed about four o'clock yesterday morning. The lost animal was valued at $200.

COW THIEF CAUGHT.—Some time since, Mr. Steinmeir lost a cow. Yesterday Thos. Henry was arrested, charged with the theft of the bovine, and brought to the court of Mr. Justice Moore, where an investigation was had and the accused sent to a higher tribunal.

COTTON RECOVERED.—The Metropolitan detectives were fortunate enough to recover thirty-one bales of cotton yesterday, which was stolen from Napoleon, on the steamer American. The staple is held here for an owner. Curley McCune and Fred Hastings worked up the job.

STOLEN STOCK.—Horses and mules in the suburbs unfortunately continue to be the prey of stock thieves. Mr. J. H. Jones, on the Horn Lake road, received a visit from some of these thieving scoundrels night before last. In the morning he found himself minus his whole stud, which consisted of one black horse and two mules. The loss was nearly five hundred dollars.

THE RIGHT PLACE.—We direct attention to the card of J. W. Falls & Co., druggists, 351 Main street. The senior of this firm is a young man of energy, integrity and splendid business talents, and his establishment is replete with every article kept by a first class house. His store will be kept open to-day as usual, and our readers can there find many articles suited for holiday presents. He is an excellent prescriptionist, and we commend him to our friends.

ARMING.—Nearly every negro that has come into the city from the country during the last week has purchased a shotgun or pistol and ammunition to take back with him. It is the highest ambition of the "colored cuss" to own a shooting weapon of some kind, and the necessary apparatus, and we doubt not that serious consequences will result from this general arming on the part of the blacks. The dealers in firearms have done a very lucrative business, very likely at the expense of the public weal.

CALVARY CHURCH.—It has, since very early in its history, been a custom of the Christian Church to adorn and beautify the house of God upon occasion of great festivals, such as that of Easter, commemorative of the resurrection of Christ, and the equally important one commemorative of his birth—that which to-day will be celebrated in remotest corners of the earth, and wherever the "glad tidings of great joy" have reached. Neither political bondage nor social upheaval will prevent an observance that to the old in years brings hallowed memories, and to the young a joy so peculiar as marks Christmas to them the day of days. To them and to us, to all, it matters little whether the 25th of December be the natal day of the Saviour. We, nor they, will stop to inquire. Suffice it that bearing to us the hopes of buried generations, dead in the Lord, whose birthday it is said to be, Christmas comes to us hallowed—thrice hallowed—more and more sacred, that it has centuries of custom to sanction its observance and enforce the lessons it must carry to every household and to every heart. The early Christians, it will be remembered by our readers, adorned the Catacombs with monograms and emblems of the Saviour's cross and passion. In the transition from a religious system that was enforced in symbols and emblems, wrought in metal and stone, they who merged into the "certain and holy pope" of Christ, should carry with them much of the typical methods usual to them in the old, to convey the lessons of the newer and more spiritual belief. A custom so wedding itself gradually upon the Christian religion; hence, today we have the cross typical of Christ's death; the crown, emblematic of the heavenly rewards of the Christian; the circle, emblematic of the endless cycle of eternity, and the triangle, of the unity of the Trinity. Others we might mention enough to fill a column of our space, but these will suffice. Transmitted from year to year and age to age, we are justified in the English forefathers for the engrafting here of this symbolical system, through the English and Roman branches of the Catholic Church, so that wherever one turns to-day in the United States, there will be found church edifices of both these creeds, adorned and beautified with evergreens and emblems in order to mark the season and testify, out of the usual order, the joy and gladness that prevails for the precious boon of the PRINCE OF PEACE. Our churches are all of them thus more or less handsomely dressed. Chief among them we select Calvary Church. Noted in previous years for the beautiful display, thus made, we think that all will concede who look upon its interior to-day that Calvary has never been more elaborately festooned and ornamented. Wherever, on walls or gallery, a monogram, mottoe or emblem could be placed, there they will be found, and in profusion bewildering. On entering the vestibule, attracting the visitor for its suggestiveness and the taste displayed is the mottoe "Beautify the Place of my Sanctuary," surrounded by wreathes and crosses and circles. This prepares for the interior, which gained, there bursts upon the beholder a beautiful vision of wreaths and pendants and mottoes in bright colors, all appropriate to the season. Over the chancel window in green and scarlet letters, describing the coming of the JUBILEE all ye green things upon the earth, praise ye the Lord, bless Him, and magnify Him forever" Underneath, a star of gas jets the passage in gilt letters, on white cloth, "Unto us a child is born, unto us a child is given;" and beneath that, a large evergreen cross. On the north side of the chancel we find the inscription, "Gloria in Excelsis Deo;" and on the south side, "Glory to God in the Highest, and on Earth Peace, Good Will toward Men." These, alternate with other inscriptions of equal force and beauty, and monograms emblematic of the Christian religion, distributed with much good taste around the church. Over the organ, in large green letters on white ground, we read "Hark! we hear the herald angels sing," and along the base of the gallery, green frosted block letters the passage, "A sceptre of righteousness flies before thee of thy kingdom." Pendant from the roof to the walls, and forming a beautiful ornament, will be found evergreens, and indeed in every conceivable places and shapes, forming altogether a *coup d'oeil* that will strike the beholder in the most satisfying way. The ladies and gentlemen who have had it in charge, and so successfully carried the ornamenting of the church to a conclusion so tasteful and beautiful, deserve the highest meed of praise. To them belongs the design and execution, the sexton assisting in a manner testifying to his skill and culture. A custom so touchingly suggestive should ever be duly carried out, and it is to be well spent thus to "beautify the place of His sanctuary," the commemoration of whose truth, in this year of 1867, will, we hope, carry "glad tidings of great joy" to every hearth, and chase the gloom that has too long hung over our fair city.

A FIT OUT STOLEN.—A horse, saddle and bridle was stolen from Messrs. Ransom & Co., No. 187 Jefferson street, yesterday morning. The lost property is valued at $275. Information was given to the police headquarters, but up to latest advices no arrests had been made.

CUTTING.—An altercation took place yesterday about 11 o'clock, a.m., between W. A. Grider and a Mr. Haynes, on the corner of the alley on Second street, between Jefferson and Court street, which led to the use of knives. Grider was cut on the fingers, and Haynes in the side. The parties separated before the police interfered.

ANTHONY HOUSE, LITTLE ROCK.—Quite a number of our friends who have recently visited Little Rock, speak in the highest terms of the gentlemanly courtesy of the proprietors, Messrs. Henry & Botsford, the good fare and general management. We therefore feel confident in recommending the house to the traveling community.

FINE BUGGY AND ROCKAWAY HORSE FOR SALE.—Messrs. Royster, Trezevant & Co. will sell on Thursday morning at 10½ o'clock the 26th inst., that superior horse of all work, the property of Capt. J. J. Sears. Sold under full guarantee and for no fault. Buggy with complete set of harness will be sold with the horse. Terms cash.

SARDIS.—Capt. Charley Richards will set a Christmas dinner—such as none but Charley can put up—to-day. A huge turkey, oysters, and a few other things will be on hand for the occasion. Half-past ten the train leaves the Mississippi Depot, and such as may wish a pleasant time can avail themselves of the opportunity.

PERSONAL.—Mose Parrish, Esq., editor of that spirited paper, the Bolivar *Bulletin*, is in the city, enjoying the Christmas festivities, having executed the business part of his mission.

Nathan Leitch Delmer, Esq., of the firm of N. Hoffheimer & Bro., returned to the city from Arkansas yesterday, looking as hearty and handsome as usual.

Our friend, S. R. Clark, of the firm of S. R. Clark & Co., left last evening for Vicksburg.

Editors Appeal: MEMPHIS, December 24, 1867.

The ensuing city government is likely to be of eminent importance. Questions of most vital interest to the whole people of the city will be before the Board of Aldermen. Hence, the great necessity of sending the best and most available men from all the wards. Mr. I. T. Cartwright is the choice of the qualified and tax-paying voters of said ward. We hope, therefore, he will at once announce himself as a candidate for Alderman.
MANY CITIZENS.

LOOK TO IT.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that a splendid piece of property is for sale. It is situated in a good wooden district, where the cypress and walnut grow in profusion. The surrounding country yields the staple in large quantities, and on the premises there is an excellent gin and saw-mill. The proprietor desires to vacate, for the reason that he cannot give proper attention to the business of the place. This is a good investment for any person desiring to enlist in a profitable speculation.

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge.*—Stands adjourned until Friday next, December 27, 1867, when the minutes of Court will be signed and finished—adjournment had to Thursday, January 2, 1868.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldron, Judge.* Stands adjourned over to Friday, January 3, 1868. No other case will be tried this term.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter, Judge.*—The argument on "motion to quash" closed on yesterday, in the *Avalanche* Contempt case. Judge Hunter delivered a decision at length, overruling the motion of defendants and giving them until Saturday next, December 28, 1867, to answer interrogatories filed with the clerk of the Court. Court adjourned to Thursday morning, when a general jail delivery will be had, of those persons confined in jail, but not indicted by the Grand Jury lately discharged for the present term.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M Smith, Chancellor.* The orders and decrees entered on yesterday are as follows:

Orsill vs Graham, decree for complainants.
Braden vs Wiley, same.
Behrend vs Behrend, order of sale.
Anderson vs Pollard, same.
Dickens vs Dickens, order for rents.
Butler vs Johnson, order to justify.
Parker vs Bolls, replevy allowed.
Barton vs Wenger, final decree.
Vogel vs Vogel, same.
Stebbins vs Wickersham, order to C. & M. to pay money.
Tennessee National Bank vs Elbert & Co., referred to C. & M.
Duval vs Duval, receiver appointed.
Ward vs Ward, bill dismissed, final decree.
Court stands adjourned over to Monday, January 6, 1868.

Editors Appeal: I notice in your issue of December 24th, a call on me to again become a candidate for Alderman in the Seventh Ward. I place my name before you for re-election. As I have served you in that capacity for twelve or fourteen months, I have not left undone anything that I thought would be beneficial to the interests of my constituents or the city at large. I have watched the financial and other committees of the Board, and have done everything in my power to retrench the heavy expenses. I therefore ask you for your support, and will faithfully serve you as heretofore in the event I should be your choice.
THOS. O SMITH.

OUT AGAIN.—The well known barber, Ned Adams, who some days since fell through a grating opposite Keys store, is up and about again attending to his business. His old shavers will be glad to be informed of this fact.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street and 393 Main street, have received Waverly Magazine, Saturday night, London News, Fireside Companion, Wilkes' Spirit of the Times, Harper's Bazer, London Weekly Times, New York Citizen, Leslie's Lady's Magazine, Eclectic Magazine, and Phrenological Journal, all for January, 1868; Good Words and Every Saturday, for December, and dailies from everywhere. Call at Emmons & Son's for your Christmas reading matter.

ORPHANS' FAIR.—The grand Fair for the benefit of the orphans of St. Peter's Church will open in the Jefferson block on Second street, two doors from Jefferson on Second street, to-morrow night. The lower hall will be occupied by the refreshment tables, while on the floor above the fancy tables will be located. It was (as we have heretofore stated) designed to hold this Fair in the Exchange building, but for prudential reasons the managers have changed their base. The committees having the matter in charge are working hard, and must succeed. Our charitable people should remember that in no more worthy manner could their gifts be bestowed than upon the orphans. The good kind Sisters who have the care of these fatherless little ones need pecuniary assistance. Let the Fair be well attended. Don't forget the place on Second street (Jefferson block) near Jefferson.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—Last evening the sensation drama of *Cadet la Perle* was again presented, with Mr. Frank Mayo, the young and talented "star," in the leading character. The prologue introduces a young and gallant soldier, who is borne in, exhausted from the loss of blood, and his life is saved by the heroism of a young girl, "Hilda Denner," (Mrs. Allen,) who offers her own veins to supply the current of vitality to those of the dying soldier. The soldier is no other than "Henri de Loraine," a younger son of high nobility and chivalry, who gives his whole soul to his benefactress. The passion is mutual and pure, and "Henri," believing the heroic girl dead, devotes himself to dissipation and debauchery. "Cardinal Richelieu," among his schemes of increasing the power of France, contemplates a marriage between his niece and the young Count. She refuses to comply, and rescues the young girl who has been arrested by the Cardinal's minions. The command of the army of Louis XIII, of which Turin, who has ascertained that Hilda lives, and resumes his high ambition. He takes Turin, and the neice of the Cardinal, who has revolted at the proposed match, becomes enamored of his fame. Hilda is borne in convent, whence she is rescued by her lover. The curtain falls upon a deadly conflict, in which De Loraine is triumphant over the guards of the emissaries of Richelieu. The situations are very striking, and the acting of Mr. Mayo magnificent. Mrs. Allen as Hilda, and Miss Waldran as the Duchess, were excellent. In fact all the characters of the drama were well sustained. To-night *Macbeth* will be performed, and to-morrow night, *Hamlet*.

THE HEBREW FAIR.—The Fair for the benefit of the Congregation Children of Israel was inaugurated at the Greenlaw Club Room last night. The tables are handsomely decorated, being festooned with wreaths and flowers. On entering the hall the visitor is first struck with the appearance of the telegraph and postoffice, from which missives both of scorn and affection are issued, are sent forth *ad libitum*. This valuable institution is under the charge of Miss Hannah Loubre, who is ably assisted by Miss Anna Vogle, Miss Amanda Hart and Miss Hattie Cohn. The next in order is table No. 5, loaded with articles both useful and ornamental. This elegant table is in charge of Mrs. Frohlich; Miss Kate Seligman is her assistant. Proceeding further on may be found table No. 4, over which Mrs. Mahlinger presides, ably assisted by Mrs. S. G. Ryan, Miss Mitchell and Miss Harriss. On this table may be found the beautiful clock, to be given to the most popular Freight Agent, together with other articles of virtu. The refreshment table, which is marked No. 3, is in charge of Mesdames Shloss, Marks, Cohn, Felchd. There everything to refresh the inner man may be found. The delicacies are served by fair hands with gracious smiles. Next will be met the magic fish pond, controlled by Mamselles Frank Mitchell and Rosa Harriss. The toy and fancy goods table, labelled No. 2, is under the charge of Mrs. E. Ackerman and Mrs. Isaac Ehrman. Go to these ladies to obtain goods for the holidays. The next and last regular table to be found is No. 1; and not should be named. The elegant articles here exhibited are worthy of the admiration of connoisseurs. Mrs. G. H. Judah, Mrs. Adolphe Loeb, Mrs. Nathan Hoffheimer and Mrs. Ophelia Marks, are in attendance and preside over the table on which lay the magnificent doll, valued at $200, in charge of Miss Sophie Kremer. Various other articles, both useful and ornamental, were there displayed. The various prizes to be voted off are rich and costly; they have been procured regardless of expense, and the variety is rare and fashionable. We hope to see the Club Room filled to overflowing every night during the continuance of the Fair.

TRIAL BY MILITARY COMMISSION. Our readers will remember that some month or so ago a singular and mysterious killing occurred in Panola county, Mississippi. Dr. Anthony Foster, a gentleman well known and highly esteemed by nearly every inhabitant of the county, was charged with the murder of Dr. Settle, another well known and esteemed citizen. The facts, as stated at the time and published in the APPEAL, led many to believe that Foster had committed the deed; but the well known character of the accused for honesty and integrity, amiability and general kindness of heart, was a powerful argument against such suspicion. It seems that both gentlemen were in Sardis together during the day. They somewhat differed in political sentiments, Dr. Settle being for reconstruction under the plan proposed by Gen. Alcorn, while Dr. Foster was strenuously opposed to reconstruction on any of the terms proposed. This difference of opinion led to some altercation between them during the day, but nothing of a personal or serious nature was observed. They started home together, being to all intents and purposes perfectly friendly at the time. They were met by several persons, who testify to their apparently good feeling and free conversation when last seen together. In passing a stream they separated, one road leading over a bridge, the other crossing at a ford just below. Dr. Foster chose to go over the bridge; Dr. Settle designed to cross at the ford for the purpose of watering the mule which he was riding. Some fifty or sixty yards from the bridge the roads form a junction, and Foster asserts he expected to meet Settle there. In the meantime ten or twelve gentlemen, who had been out on a hunting expedition, passed Dr. Foster as he was riding leisurely along. One of the men actually testifies to the fact that he stopped Dr. F., and was in conversation with him when the fatal shot was fired, as he distinctly heard the report of the gun or pistol while setting on his horse in the road talking with the accused. The others, though only a short distance ahead, are not certain of this fact. Circumstantial evidence, however, seems to be against Foster, as Dr. Settle was riding a little mule, and Foster was mounted on a very tall horse; and as the ball causing the death of the former entered a little below the neck, ranging downwards, lodged just above the hip—it appears that their relative positions could bring about just such a result. Settle was soon discovered, by the hunting party above alluded to, as he lay dead leaning over his mule. Foster was at once arrested, but his plea of innocence, no signs of having been frequently fired, being fully charged and capped. But as he was the last man seen with the deceased, he was, of course, charged with having committed the deed, yet no stronger evidence has been adduced against him than what we have related above. The reason why he has been taken before a military commission at Holly Springs, headquarters, instead of the ordinary tribunals of justice in his own county was that Dr. Settle was a reconstructionist, while Anthony Foster is a strong States Right Democrat. Their difference of politics, however, never made any difference of personal relations.

For the Memphis Appeal:

THE "ICE KING."—A CHRISTMAS GIFT FOR THE CHILDREN.—The sun, with a radiant winter's day, fell behind the grand old mountains, pencilling with magic art and glory the autumnal forest murmurous with its Eolean harps of brooklets, and gorgeous with its shivered rainbows of leaves. Yet hardly had the last ray fallen when murky clouds gathered in sullen hosts, and with scowling look; cool crisp winds rustled the leaves and toyed with moaning wavelets. Darkness soon crept near with its muffled step, a hoarse, sullen murmur thrilling the heavy air. Surely some great spirit was abroad upon the land! On, on hastened the spirit; it breathed o'er the stream which sung no more. A clear crystal slab sealed the little singer, and vainly the shadows and star-beams tried to write its epitaph. Away sped the Ice King in rage and jealousy, plucking the last emerald spray, and with his awful breath hurrying the flowers to their graves. Skies which had smiled on these little children of the sun, wept over them, but their tears fell not in warmth, but as frozen dew, or as snow-flakes. Yet the Ice King is not always wicked and relentless in his wanderings o'er earth; sometimes he scatters beauty and magnificence that dazzles the greatest fancy. Once, as we sought sweet sleep, while the musical rain softly fell through the darkness, we were lulled to fond dreamings. Waking as the sun opened the golden gates of morning to our astonished vision, we found ourselves in a world of crystals! Gems are gilding every leaf and branch; trees bend in wonderment 'neath their precious burdens of diamonds and rare jewels. Even the poor, pale yellow grasses grow suddenly ambitious, and wear a more exquisite tapestry than ever rustled in Moslem temple or Prince's palace. Nature exultingly exclaims, "Man, equal this if you can!" Finally you ask, "From whence all this strange, magical beauty and glory?" Ay, the spirit of the Ice King passed here last night. To the Arctic regions he soars, and from thick, massy clouds, thunder-toned, he breathes on the dusky waters; he revels in joyous freedom and a magnificence of silence; and blockades the mighty seas with his batteries of icebergs, though man, with invention, has chased him to the mouth of his grim cave. The spirit hurling stupendous banks of ice in the gloomy seas, says to the coming vessels, "Away, ye from the Sunny clime, what have I to do with you?" Now we will find the Aërial mansions or climes where the Ice King most glories. Far off where snowy mountains, on snowy mountains lift the sun-crowned hights, as if bearing secret messages to clouds and stars, he passes among the mighty Alps. Here Mont Blanc and others of its kindred rear their forms in realms of the "upper deep," sitting like grand old mummied Thars wrapt in shrouds of snow peering through Time. Here too are the "glaciers," the crystal palaces and towers of the Alps. The Ice King is hurling away the avalanche, with a puff of his breath, into an eternal grave; in pity he permits the tiny blue Alpen flower to grow in its hiding places in wild clefts of rock. The dashing fountains, his perpetual choir, sound his anthems; storms are his brothers. Do you ask if the Ice King never finds some beautiful bride? Well he claim one decked with gems from his Crystal Palace hid among the ice burgs? Not so. He seeks a creature of flowers, fragrant from the spice gardens of the East; and to his cold icy bosom he clasps Spring as his beautiful Queen-bride, who

"Wears the moonshine round her neck,
The sunshine round her head."

LILLIAN ROZELL MESSENGER.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Worsham House.

C. B. GALLOWAY.....PROPRIETOR.

A L Douglass, Tenn
B M Bagby, Tenn.
Jno Dickson, Ark.
W D Smith, Covington, Tenn.
J G Robinson, Ark.
D C Doupwood, Miss.
Mrs Smith, Tenn.
B B Blackburn, Miss.
J Breyfus, Mobile.
F H West, Louisville.
R C Noland, Tenn.
A Wade, Mi s.
W M Higgins, Cat Isl'd, S C
Mrs Smith, Ark.
S S Richardson, Jefferson ville.
E E Dunn, Texas.
S W Moore, Brownsville.
D W Adams, Mo.
J W Guerran, Ark.
A H Ferguson, Ark.
J W Motley, Tenn.
G G Finney, Tenn.
AW Stokes, Hernando.
A J Barnes and Lady, Pinckneyville, Miss.
R H Parham, LaGrange.
J G Jarvis, Mo.
J M Barner, Ark.
Chas McGowen, Jackson, Miss.
W S Williford Ark.
J F Chavrose, Texas.
J P Parker, New Orleans.
H Hails Burton, Ark.
Mrs Robinson, Ark.
R A Smith, Tenn.
F Shepanau, Miss.
E A Brooks, Jackson.
Mrs Digerts, M

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, December 24, 1867.

The money market is without any material change. There is a good demand but there is no adequate supply of capital or confidence in the future, and commercial paper is as hard to negotiate as ever. At the same time our banks are refusing discount to cotton bills on all points at the usual rates, which are ½c discount on New York and ¾@1 on other points, including New Orleans. Some of our discount houses take the latter at ½c, but the current rate is ¾@1c discount. The demand for Exchange, which was moderate during the week, showed a marked improvement to-day and selling rates were somewhat firmer. Few if any concessions were made from par.

Gold has been somewhat irregular during the week, but has not varied from present rates more than is either here or in New York. Our market to-day opened at 33¾, and at noon had increased ⅛c. We have no large sales to report. Our dealers find it different to supply the counter demand, which has been good for some days back. The buying rate to-day was 132@133c selling at New York quotations.

City Scrip is steady. The demand for it seems not to be large, while any effort to exchange is checked by the amounts with a tendency upwards is sure to throw upon the market. Our brokers are all well supplied. They buy at 55c and sell at 57c.

County Warrants are dull at 65c, and selling at 68@70c.

Police Scrip is firm at 82c buying, selling at 85@90c.

Money matters are dull elsewhere as well as in Memphis. The Bank of New Orleans discontinued business on the 14th, and its President publishes the following statement of the causes leading thereto, which we find addressed to the editor of the *Commercial Bulletin*:

BANK OF NEW ORLEANS, }
NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 14, 1867.

Dear Sir: The managers of this bank have resolved to close its active business for the present, and reduce the expenses to the lowest possible point, leaving the question of a resumption of operations hereafter to the developments of the future.

The embarrassed condition of the mercantile community, the hopeless prostration of the planting interest, and the onerous taxes imposed upon State institutions by the Federal Government, all confirm the wisdom of this policy.

The necessary expenses of working the bank amount to about thirty-five thousand dollars per annum, a sum equal to six per cent. on the cash value of its assets, about one-fourth of which is internal Revenue tax—a fact of itself conclusive as to the propriety of this policy. But when this additional fact is considered, that the capital is not active or available for banking operations, except by sale of securities at a ruinous loss, no shadow of doubt remains as to our duty.

To use the deposits in discounting commercial paper is not regarded as judicious, and the profit on a limited exchange business would not been sufficient to meet the current expenses. To continue business under such circumstances, remain inactive and idle as these facts would be a fraud upon the stockholders whose interests we are bound to protect. Respectfully,

FRANK WILLIAMS, Pres'd't.
A. DUCHERON, Cashier.

The Liverpool market for the week opened steady, with Uplands 7¼d; Orleans, 7¾d. The New York market opened quiet but steady: Middling, 15¾; Orleans, 16¼c. Our market was active at 15½c. On Thursday there was no change in the foreign markets, but ours stiffened up under an active demand to 16@16½c, on Friday prices were unchanged but closed heavy. The Liverpool market on Saturday declined, but the New York market closed ⅛@¼c lower. Sales here were light, and made at 15¾@16c. The European advices of Monday were not favorable. That market retained the downward tendency of Saturday. The New York market closed dull, with a further decline of ⅛, and here it fell to 15@15½c. The Liverpool opening dispatch of to-day quoted Uplands 7⅝d; Orleans, 7¾d, with steady demand, and at 1:20 p.m. was heavy; at the close it was dull and declining downwards ¼ plus. New York: Orleans, 7¾d; sales 8000 bales. In New York, at the opening, prices were unchanged, but market dull; at noon it was dull and nominal, and closed the same; Middlings, 15½c; Orleans, 16¼c. Our market has characterized the fair demand at 15c, but holders were unwilling to concede. Many of our large buyers were not on the market as they were preparing to ship. Such sales as were made occurred at 15@15½c, but it required a bright style to reach the latter figure. There is but little diminution in the stock of stained cottons, while fine grades are scarce.

Ordinary	11 @—
Good Ordinary	11¾@12
Low Middling	13 @13¼
Middling	13¾@14
Strict Middling	13¾@14
Good Middling	14¼@14½
Low Stained	10½@11½
Inferior stained	8 @10

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867	1,089
Received to-day	2,270
Received previously	110,552
	112,622
Exported to-day	479
Exported previously	97,347
	97,826
Stock on hand	15,876
Receipts for the week	12,900
Exports for the week	11,230
Received last week	12,982
Exported last week	12,902
Stock in Liverpool December 20th	480,000
Of which was American	82,000
Stock in New York, December 21st	48 000

Memphis Wholesale Boot and Shoe Market.

The Boot and Shoe market for the week has been inactive. A light demand only has existed for heavy wear from the country and no prices are unchanged. Cash buyers can effect liberal reductions in all styles of merchandise, and the shoe market is no exception. There is, we venture to say, no house in our city getting together a better assortment of goods in this line, and they are anxious to clear out preparatory to the purchase of spring stocks, and in order to do so make large concessions.

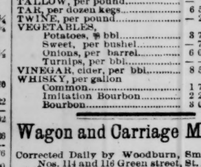
Men's B.B. kip brogans	$1 25@2 00
" Land B. kip brogans	1 25@2 00
" " split brogans	1 00@1 50
" " bull brogans	1 00@1 75
" " calf brogans	1 50@2 00
" buff balmorals	1 50@2 25
" calf "	2 50@4 00
" split boots	3 00@3 50
" kip "	3 00@4 25
" calf "	3 50@7 00
Boy's kip "	1 00@1 50
" buff "	1 25@1 75
Youth's buff boots	1 00@1 50
" split "	1 50@2 25
" kip "	1 75@2 50
Children's split boots	1 00@1 50
Women's split balmorals, pegged	1 75@1 50
" kip "	1 25@2 00
" buff "	1 25@1 75
" calf "	1 50@2 25
" pebble grain bals., pg'd	1 00@1 75
" buff balmorals, pegged	1 25@1 75
Misses' "	1 00@1 50
" calf "	1 25@1 75
Boys kip brogans	1 00@1 50
" split brogans	75@1 25
Youth's split and kip brogans	90@1 25
Children's balmorals	60@ 90
Ladies sewed kid and goat bals	1 75@3 00
" calf and buff bals	1 75@2 00
Misses' kid and goat bals	1 25@2 25
" calf and buff bals	1 50@2 25

Memphis Wholesale Dry Goods Market.

The Dry Goods market has been more active during the past few days. Merchants and planters are laying in supplies for the holidays, but they confine themselves to staple goods. The bright colors and light fabrics which were usually in demand at this season have been left unsold and their places supplied with heavy cottons and woolen goods. Even the negro, whose ambition throughout the year is to be higher than the purchase of a fine dress on Christmas, has this year to go without and cling to the tattered garments bought o casion, their canes and wants were forgotten as now by themselves. Prices of staple goods are firm but no higher than last week.

BROWN SHEETINGS & SHIRTINGS.	
Indian Head ¾	12½
Atlantic V	13½
Bedford	12
Hadford O	12
Pepperell 9-4	30
Indian Head 4-4	15½
Appleton A 4-4	15½
Pepperell R	14½
Standard	13
Pepperell R	14½
Utica 4-4	16
Monodnock 10-4	37
Pepperell 10-4	45
BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.	
S. Washington ¾	11
Canoe ¾	9
Great Falls J ¾	13½
Reynolds 4-4	13½
Hope 4-4	14
Lonsdale 4-4	16½
New York 4-4	27
Phœnix 10-4	40
Monodnock 10-4	30
Pepperill 10-4	45
Pepperell 11-4	55
PALMETTO STRIPES.	
Palmetto	14

Tennessee	29
Swift River	18
HEAVY CHECKS.	
Tennessee	17
American	15
Newmarket	13
PRINTS.	
Merrimack D	14
do W	16
American	13
Dunnels	13
Gloucester	13
Sprague	13
Amoskeag	13
Wamsutta	10
Atlantic	8
BROWN DRILLS.	
Stark A	17½
Massabesic	17
Oakland	17
LINSEY.	
Stillman Plains	27½
Checks	25
Highland Plaid	30
Dickey ½	30
OSNABURGS.	
Kentucky	17
"	20
Rock Factory ⅞	16½
Southern	14



H. WETTER & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
STOVES, GRATES, TINWARE,
AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, AND Manufacturers of Plain and Japanned Tin Ware, Copper and Sheet-iron Ware, 13 and 15 MONROE STREET.
dec1

FASSMAN'S IRON TIES
—FOR—
COTTON BALES.

THE undersigned have made extensive arrangements to supply the demand for these Ties the present season.

In addition to the FASSMAN DIAMOND TIE and BUTTON TIE, so extensively used heretofore they now offer his ALLIGATOR TIE, with teeth so arranged as to instantly clamp the hoop when the pressure is removed from the bale, and hold it without slipping.

Great pains have been taken to secure the best quality of iron.

These Ties are so simple in their arrangement that they can be applied by any one, to bales of cotton with the same facility and expedition as rope. In strength, security and facility of application, they will compare favorably with all the several ropes.

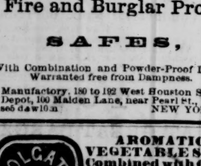
The advantages of Iron Ties are now generally recognized, but it is deemed not out of place to call the attention of those interested to the very emphatic recommendation of Underwriters, Steamboat Captains, and Owners and Agents of Sea steamers and Sailing Vessels, recently published in the newspapers in New Orleans.

CHAMBERS & LATTING,
General Agents, New Orleans
For sale by
MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO.,
Memphis,
And other dealers and Grocery Merchants.
se22 xo6

ALLISON BROTHERS,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE, GUNS, CUTLERY
—AND—
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
223 Main Street, : : Memphis.

WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A full supply of
Builders' Hardware,
Of the very best qualities. Mechanics will find our goods CHEAP, and at the same time perfectly RELIABLE. We sell our goods for CASH, and to Cash Customers only, and therefore feel ourselves able to sell them VERY CHEAP. nov24 1m

TERWILLIGER & CO.,
Manufacturers of the Improved Triple Flange
Fire and Burglar Proof
SAFES,
With Combination and Powder-Proof Locks. Warranted free from Dampness.
Manufactory, 180 to 192 West Houston St, Depot, 100 Malden Lane, near Pearl st., se8 dawly0.m. NEW YORK.



AROMATIC VEGETABLE Soap Combined with Glycerine, recommended for the delicate skin of Ladies and Children. Prepared by COLGATE & Co., N. Y. Sold by all Druggists

WINES AND LIQUORS.

J. J. SMITH. NO. L. LEECH
SMITH & LEECH,
Rectifiers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers,
342 Second Street.
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.
TO THE TRADE ONLY.

HAVING erected a large and extensive Rectifying establishment, we are prepared to supply our customers with a superior article of Whiskies on as good terms and at as low prices as can be bought in any market.
oc5 oc15 nov1d dec17 3m

HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'
CELEBRATED
BAVARIAN BITTERS,
The best Bitters in the market as a
TONIC AND APPETIZER.
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
276 Front Row.

Nathan Hoffheimer & Co.,
COMMISSION
—AND—
Forwarding Merchants,
Wholesale Dealers in
Imported and Domestic
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS
Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,
No. 276 Front Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Always on hand, a large supply of
Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.
Also, the Celebrated
BAVARIAN BITTERS.
oc12

Just Received.
10 barrels Cook's Five Year Old Bourbon.
2 quarter pipes "Pelly isin" Brandy.
We have also a large and choice stock of
Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Cordials, Liquors, and the Celebrated Bavarian Bitters.
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
an25 276 Front Street.

D. H. EVANS,
IMPORTER
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS,
No. 14 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE
Liquor Dealers,
281 : MAIN STREET : 281
Memphis, : : : Tennessee.
jan28 tf

A. VACCARO, M. MAGEVNEY, JR.
N. VACCARO, A. B. VACCARO.
A. VACCARO & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,
324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
my8

U. S. BONDED CELLAR.
NATHAN BRO.'S & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
RHENISH & FRENCH WINES, LIQUORS,
Foreign Fruits,
AND PRODUCE.
No. 262 Second Street,
OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

TANSPORTATION.

1867 ARKANSAS. 1867
United States Mail Routes and Stage Lines.

Little Rock and Hot Springs Direct.
THROUGH IN DAYLIGHT.
Little Rock and Washington via Rockport and Arkadelphia.
THROUGH IN 36 HOURS.
Little Rock and Camden via Tulip and Princeton.
THROUGH IN 30 HOURS.
Little Rock and Fort Smith.
THROUGH IN 48 HOURS.

Running in Connection with the Memphis and White River, and Memphis and Arkansas River Packets, and
Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

First Class Four-Horse Post Coaches leave Little Rock Daily, and returning leave Hot Springs Daily, Sundays excepted, carrying United States Mail.

Invalids Going to the Hot Springs will find on this line the best of
Concord Coaches, Fine Horses and Careful and Sober Drivers,
and every effort will be made to furnish the most speedy and comfortable transit.

Extra Coaches when Required, will be Furnished on Ten Minutes' Notice.

Office in Little Rock at the Anthony House.
D. J. CHIDESTER, Contractor.
JOHN BARTHOLOMEW, Agent,
no6 daw Little Rock, Ark.

WHEATON NURSERY
Two Miles South of Memphis, on Horn Lake Road.
JOHN TRENT. WADDY THOMPSON.
JOHN TRENT & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.
SUCCESSORS TO
DR. S. M. WHEATON,

WE are prepared to fill orders for every description of Fruit, Flowers and Ornemental Trees, Grape and Strawberry Vines and Hot House Plants, &c., etc.

Our stock is made up of the best selections which can be gotten up, in Europe or America. We solicit correspondence from all who purchase trees in large or small quantities, or any who wish to order their places with choice and rare Flowers and Shrubs.

☞ First class Landscape Gardener.

Flowers for Bouquets and Wreaths always on hand.

☞ Descriptive Catalogues, with prices and all necessary information, will be furnished by applying personally or by letter to
oc30 daw tf JOHN TRENT & CO.

R. P. WALT & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Cypress Lumber,
No. 196 Main Street.

CYPRESS LUMBER of all dimensions on hand, which we wish to close out at a sacrifice. Parties wishing Lumber should call on us without delay. dec8 tf

WHITE LINE AGENCY.
White Line Central Transit Company, via Louisville, Jeffersonville or New Albany.

THROUGH Receipts given to New York, Boston and New England cities, for Cotton and other Freights. Quick Time, Low Rates, and no change of Cars.
For through contracts apply to
ROBERT GIBSON, Agent,
Of LARNY FARMSTAD & CO.,
dec8 Office corner Main and Madison sts.

NOTICE.

ON THE 20TH DECEMBER, 1867, I will sell, at the Bonded Warehouse of Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co., Jefferson street,

1 CLOCK,
3 METAL PITCHERS,
1 SMALL IRON SAFE,

Levied on as the property of Joseph Ochel, to satisfy a U. S. warrant issued against him by me, in favor of the U. S. Government, for taxes on his eating house since 1st May, 18 7.

R. S. SAUNDERS,
Collector Internal Revenue 8th District Tenn.
dec19 tds

GROCERIES.

FARGASON, CORDES & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
32 FRONT STREET,
MEMPHIS.
dec1 1m

NEW SHAKER PRESERVES—
(Cherries, Strawberries, Peaches, etc.)
Preserved Canton Ginger, in Syrup;
" " Dry;
CRASS & BLACKWELL'S PICKLES—
(Chowchow, Onions, Cauliflower, etc.)
New Peaches in Cans—2 and 3 lbs.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
300 Main Street.

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR
And fine SYRUP;
HARRISON FLOUR;
GRAHAM or UNBOLTED FLOUR;
SUGARS—all Kinds.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
300 Main Street.

MACKEREL—
No. 1 SHORE, BAY and MESS, all nice, for Family use;
NEW CODFISH;
NEW HERRINGS.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
oc31 300 Main Street.

RALPH WORMELEY, LEVI JOY,
W. S. PICKETT, J. D. USSERY.
WORMELEY, JOY & CO.,
37 Adams Street,
Wholesale Grocers,
COTTON FACTORS,
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
Pratt's Improved Cotton Gins.
First October Next in our
NEW BUILDING, ADAMS STREET,
Near Worsham House, Memphis.

W. S. PICKETT & CO.,
Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants,
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

WE are now entering upon our twentieth year of business in Memphis, and the sixteenth in New Orleans, and solicit a continuance of patronage from our friends and the public generally. Our house in New Orleans will, as before, be under the management of WM. S. PICKETT, an old and experienced merchant in the New Orleans cotton trade, and affords to our customers the advantages of either market, as their interest or inclination may induce them to ship.

We keep always on hand a good supply of Groceries, Provisions, Bagging, Rope, Gunny Belting, Plantation and Family Supplies generally. [dec6] WORMELEY, JOY & CO.

TOBIN, LYNN & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, DRY GOODS & PLANTATION SUPPLIES,
NO. 346 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN.
nov28 daw

M. T. GARVIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
COTTON FACTORS,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hay, Corn, Oats and Bran,
226 and 228 Second Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

LIBERAL Cash advances made on consignments. Will promptly fill all orders for Provender and Plantation supplies at the lowest rates. dec14 1m

D. B. FORSTER, late with A. J. White & Co.
C. W. HEALY, late Healy, Connerly & Hill & Co.
THOS. DAY, late of Sol'r Moulie Hamilton.
FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,
WHOLESALE
Grocers, Cotton & Commission
MERCHANTS.
209 Main Street, : : MEMPHIS.

M. L. MEACHAM, Formerly of Meacham & Galbreath.
A. C. TREADWELL, Formerly of F. Lane & Co.
MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Cotton Factors, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Plantation Supplies,
No. 9 UNION STREET.
Memphis : : : : Tennessee.

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to them, they hope by unremitting attention to business to still merit a continuance of public favor.

Their facilities for storing and selling Cotton are surpassed by any house in the city. A commodious Brick Shed attached to the storehouse gives them immediate and constant oversight of all Cotton in store. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured, unless instructed to the contrary.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices. dec15 1m

MAYDWELL & ANDERSON,
MARBLE WORKS,
No. 59 Union Street,
Between Second and Third.

WHITEMAN BROS.,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
PRINTING PAPER,
No. 59 Northeast cor. Public Square, Nashville.
No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.

PITTSBURGH
C
O 233 1-2.
A
L.

I HAVE removed my office to 233½ Main, next the Clay Building, where I am prepared to fill, with No. 1 Pittsburg Coal, all orders with which I may be favored.
H. B. PACKER,
dec6 1m Coal Dealer.

ELLIOTT & CO.,
Receiving, Forwarding
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 2 Promenade Street,
Foot of Jefferson, Opp. Steamboat Landing.
Office Up-Stairs, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Dealers in
Hay, Oats, Corn,
AND UP-COUNTRY PRODUCE,
No. 82 Beal Street, near Bayou Bridge
September, 1867. sep1

Administratrix Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of the late Dr. Thos J. Sale having been granted to me by the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the December Term, 1867, I hereby notify all persons indebted to said estate to pay such indebtedness to me; and I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present the same, properly proven, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred. MARGARETTE A. SALE,
dec17 law4w Adm'x of Thos. J. Sale, dec'd.

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

For the Memphis Appeal.
SEPTEMBER.

This Autumn one fair hope went down;
It had its day, perhaps,—but short the day!
Always the cross must come before the crown,
And then, Philosophy, must have thy say;—
But still how short to-day!
The joy how short! how sweet the day!

Ah! sudden shower of falling leaves!
That fall to waste like fruitless hopes away!—
How glad the fields are with their golden sheaves,
And yet the Husbandman has gone away;—
What useless sheaves are they!
The Husbandman has gone away!

Ah! sweet, sweet song of Autumn birds!
A thousand birds do sing within my heart;—
How aimless is the song, and how absurd,
Because the leader, wearied, did depart;—
What discord in the heart,
Because the leader did depart.

The Ides of a happy March
Gave unto us a book of blue and gold,
Which told a pleasant tale beneath the larch,
And yet we lay it down when half is told,
Though fresh the blue and gold,
The short hour dies when half is told.

The Ides of September die;
This Autumn one fair hope is cold and dumb;
These had their day; not so, alas! have I;
And yet I would the silent night were come;
Philosophy is dumb;
I would, I would the night were come!
VIOLET LEA.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Noon Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, December 24.—The *Times'* special says of the claims of the American Government, that common rifles and powder were purchased by the Russian ordnance officer and put on ship board, and when the Crimean war was brought to a close, the property was then declined, and ultimately refused by the Russian Government on the ground that a written contract was not entered into.

The evidence thus far elicited by the Ordnance Investigating Committee includes many startling facts regarding frauds in contracts to supply Government with arms and ammunition. The report of the committee will not be ready for several months.

A special says that several members of the Ways and Means and Finance Committees have been in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury recently, in regard to finance matters. Senators Morgan and Sherman had a long interview with him, while in town relating his views on the Sherman measure. The Secretary has not indicated his ideas on the subject fully, but is known to favor that portion of the scheme relative to foreign loans. In regard to the four million proposition he is very grave doubts, and is not at all convinced of its advisability at the present time. He is understood to believe that a loan of that character would interfere with the banks, and cause a large withdrawal of their deposits.

From the conversation of different members of Congress it is inferred that a majority of the House are in favor of taxing the bonds, and it may be confidentially looked that a bill to that effect will be introduced after the holidays. The proposition meets with general approbation, and there is no doubt of the passage of the measure.

A bill will be introduced at an early day in the House providing that in future all appointments of internal revenue agents shall be confirmed in the Senate before the nominee enters on the duties of his office. This is in order to prevent, as far as possible, the appointment of unprincipled persons to such important positions, where there is such a large field for speculation.

The Internal Revenue reports show a gradual daily increase, and the lowest estimate for the fiscal year ahead is full short of two hundred millions. Thus far the receipts amount to over $907,000,000, and to-day were about $700,000.

A morning paper says that the case preparing to test the constitutionality of the reconstruction laws is the case of Col. Wardle, editor of a Natchez paper, who was arrested under Gen. Ord's late orders.

Orders received at the War Department from the headquarters of the Fourth Military District state that Gen. Ord has ordered a board of arbitration to be appointed for the protection of the laborer, who complains that his share of the crop is wrongfully withheld from him, or when called for by a landlord or merchant, complaining under oath that the planter had fraudulently assigned to the laborer an undue share of the crop, to the injury of the complainant. Gen. Ord also gives full instructions for the guidance of such Boards in reaching decisions.

NEW YORK, December 24.—The New England Society celebrated the anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims, in the customary manner at Delmonico's yesterday. Speeches were made by Henry Ward Beecher, Gens. Sherman, Sickles and others.

The report of the Excise Board, which gives statistics of the working of the Board since its organization in April, 1866, has been published. During that period 13,600 licenses have been granted, the gross amount received in payment therefrom being $2,558,858. Of these licenses 199 were revoked.

LONDON, C. W., December 24.—The office of the Grand Trunk railway was entered by burglars yesterday morning and a large sum of money abstracted.

QUEBEC, December 24.—A heavy snow storm set in Saturday night and continued till to-day. The railroads are badly obstructed.

MONTREAL, Dec. 24.—Woodheimer's Hall, occupied as a billiard saloon by Dion, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Dion lost sixteen tables. Sould & Hill's music store, Wm. Poyne, tobacconist, and others loose heavily.

ROME, December 23.—The Pope congratulates his Zouaves on the defeat of Garibaldi and the glorification of the Holy See from great danger.

PARIS, December 23.—The Governments of France and Italy have commenced negotiations for the abrogation of the September convention, with the understanding that any agreement they may arrive at in the matter shall be submitted for the approval of the other powers of Europe.

The Italian Parliament, by a recent vote, refused to pay interest on the debt of the provinces formerly belonging to the States of the Church, which debt was assumed by Italy when these provinces were annexed. The French Government has sent a dispatch to Florence, protesting against this action.

FLORENCE, December 23.—The National Parliament will, at an early day, vote to reaffirm, in a solemn manner, its declaration that the city of Rome belongs to Italy as the capital of the nation.

MACON, December 24.—A detachment of troops left to-night for Milledgeville, supposed to have some connection with the Treasurer's refusal to pay money to the order of Gen. Ross and the Convention.

BURLINGTON, VT., December 24.—The railroad bridge over Orion river, 600 feet wide, was destroyed by fire this evening.

SPECHT'S CONFECTIONARY
REOPENED!
Confectionary in Every Variety,
And all of the best quality, constantly on hand and for sale at prices to suit the times.
A LARGE LOT OF TOYS.
WINES AND CHAMPAGNES
Of superior vintage.
WEDDINGS AND PARTIES
Supplied with every requisite, on short notice as heretofore. mh17 tf

A. T. LACEY. E. L. M'GHEE
LACEY & M'GHEE,
Cotton Factors,
Dealers in Plantation Supplies
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 222 Front Street, Memphis.
☞ Special attention paid to the sale of Cotton. oct1

LOW TO THE TRADE.
300 sks. Choice Coffee.
200 bbls. Sugar—Assorted.
500 bbls. Flour—Ass'td Brands
500 kits Mackerel—New Crop.
100 half bbls. No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel.
—FOR—
FOR CASH OR CITY ACCEPTANCE.
MARTIN WALT & CO.,
dec26 1w No. 272 Front street.

J. W. DICKINSON, Formerly Judd & Dickinson. Dr. B. F. DICKINSON, Late Surgeon C. S. A.
J. W. DICKINSON & BRO.,
Cotton Factors, General Commission and Produce Merchants,
No. 210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
☞ Liberal advances made on consignments. We have a warehouse of our own in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight, a thing we have had to submit to heretofore. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. dec11 1m

HOLIDAYS! HOLIDAYS! HOLIDAYS!

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!
DRY GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS
—AT—
REDUCED PRICES
—AT—
B. LOWENSTEIN & BROTHERS.

We respectfully inform our CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY, that owing to the HARD TIMES, we have FURTHER REDUCED PRICES. Those wishing to BUY PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS will find ANY VARIETY of useful Goods at our House, from the most insignificant article

To a Silk Dress,
A Velvet Cloak, or
A Fine Set of Furs,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

We are prepared to make up all STYLES OF VELVET AND CLOTH CLOAKS at our Cloak Manufactory, and a GOOD FIT will be GUARANTEED. The price will be a GREAT DEAL LESS than Cloaks Imported, ready-made, from the East.

Our friends in the country may rest assured that our Entire Stock of Dry Goods has BEEN MARKED DOWN according to the recent Great Decline in Cotton.

OUR ASSORTMENT is ALWAYS COMPLETE

☞ Orders from the Country promptly attended to, and SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,
212 Main Street, Corner Jefferson.
dec5 1m

GEORGE PHILLER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
HIDES & LEATHER,
Adams Street, between Front Row and River,
Have now on hand consignments of Leather, direct from tanneries, consisting of

HARNESS LEATHER, BRIDLE LEATHER, SOLE LEATHER,
SKIRTING LEATHER, KIP SKINS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

HAVE ALSO FRENCH AND AMERICAN CALF SKINS. WE ARE AGENTS FOR BUSH & HOWARD'S, (Buffa o, New York) HEMLOCK SOLE LEATHER. Have now in store 100 Rolls, which we can sell lower than it can be had elsewhere in this market. dec3

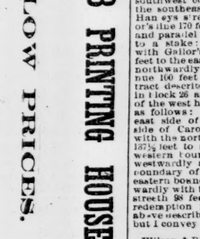
WOODRUFF & CO.,
No. 179 Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee,
—DEALERS IN—
CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES
PHÆTONS, WAGONS,
AND ALL KINDS OF CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
SPOKES, HUBS, FELLOES, SHAFTS,
WHEELS, BUGGY BODIES, IRON,
LEATHER, PAINTS AND TRIMMINGS.

Also, Buggy and Carriage Harness, all of which are offered at prices to suit the times. Call and examine our Stock before purchasing.
nov30 WOODRUFF & CO.

LACLEDE HOTEL,
Corner Fifth and Chestnut Streets,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
BROLASKI & MALIN,
PROPRIETORS.
se3

GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.
ANTI-MALARIAL BITTERS!
No Person need Suffer from Fever and Ague, as this Medicine will Give Immediate Relief, and Effect a Permanent Cure.
AS A TONIC IT IS UNEQUALED
☞ For Sale by all Druggists and General Dealers.
D. T. EVERTS & CO.,
Proprietors and Sole Manufacturers, Petersburg, Va,
FOR SALE BY
P. I. HUETTE & CO., NO. 313 MAIN STREET

S. C. TOOF, PROPRIETOR,
FINE WINE SALOON
JOB PRINTING HOUSE
LOW PRICES.



FRANKLIN
15 Court Street.

COST FOR CASH.
$100,000 WORTH OF
FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES AND CURTAIN GOODS.
In order to reduce my Immense Stock before January 1, 1868, I will offer it, without reserve, FOR CASH ONLY.
JOHN A. DICKINSON,
256 Second Street, Irving Block, Memphis.
dec8 1m

DIRECT IMPORTATION!
TO ARRIVE, PER STEAMER TOPEKA, FROM LONDON;
TO ARRIVE, PER STEAMER FANNY CARL, FROM CADIZ;
TO ARRIVE, PER STR. J. H. STETSON, FROM LIVERPOOL:
—A COMPLETE STOCK OF—
PURE PORT AND SHERRY WINES,
From the Choicest Vineyards of the Upper Douro, in Portugal, and Xerez de la Frontera, Spain.
ALSO, PER SHIP RECIA, FROM BORDEAUX,
MARTELL AND OTARD, UPUY & CO. COGNAC BRANDIES.
B. J. SEMMES & CO.,
251 Second Street, Irving Block.

Valuable Plantation to Lease.

I WILL Lease, as administrator of Christopher J. Field, dec'd, his Home Place—the place of Chr. J. Field, Plantation No. 2 on the Contest Place. These Plantations are in the county of Issaquena, Miss., and in fine condition for cultivation, having been cultivated for years past. There is a new and fine Circular Saw Mill on the Home Place for Sale.

For further information apply to me at Paris, Bourbon county, Ky., or to Dr. E. J. Field, on the premises. R. J. CLAY,
oct9 Adm'r C. J. Field, dec'd.

TO COTTON SHIPPERS.

THE
MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD

HAS just completed arrangements to ship Cotton to New York and all Eastern cities via Charleston, Norfolk and by all rail via Orange and Alexandria Railroad, and will give through Bills of Lading to all points, GUARANTEEING TIME, at the lowest rates which are given by any other route, and with more advantages to shippers than by any other line. Day and Night Freight Schedule having been put in operation, running through without break of bulk or detention.

SHIPPERS NEED APPREHEND NO DELAY.

We are determined to make this route what it should be—THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, CHEAPEST and MOST DESIRABLE LINE to Shippers from Memphis to all points. We have obtained the services of P. M. Patterson & Bro., in connection with Mr. John Hudson as Soliciting Agents, who will give all information to shippers and sign Through Bills of Lading, at No. 278 Main street; also, Mr. A. J. Lowe, Agent at Depot. SAM. TATE, President.
W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent.
JOS. C. LOPEZ Gen'l Freight Agent.
dec8 1m

GEO. C. HOLMES, Memphis. W. M. WHARTON Late of Madison co
HOLMES & WHARTON,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
36 Madison Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

Consignments so lotted a s to liberal advanced made on all goods in store. Orders filles promptly and at lowest prices. se27 3m

ABSTRACT OFFICE.
ROOM NO. 1,
Corner Monroe and Second Sts.

WE have the Abstract Books and complete Index of the Register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. ORNE; and, after more than a years' trial of their accuracy, and a careful experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time), we are enabled to furnish complete deraignments of title to all
Fort Pickering, Memphis and Shelby County Lands,
at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. J. J. CAMPBELL, J. CO.
mh20 tf Successors to Rond & Campbell.

Delinquent Stockholders.

OFFICE MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK R. R.,
MEMPHIS, 12th December, 1867.

ALL stockholders in the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad Company, who have not fully paid their stock out are hereby notified to come forward and pay out the balance within THIRTY DAYS, or all they have paid will be forfeited to the company.
By order of the Board.
W. B. WALDRAN,
dec12 30d Secretary and Treasurer.

LEGAL.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me on the 28th day of October, 1865, by R. E. Norris, to secure the payment of certain notes due John D. Armour, one of which notes is due and unpaid, said Deed of Trust being of record in the register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book 54, part first, pages 252, 253 and 254, I will proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, on the premises, in the city of Memphis, on
Tuesday, January 21, '68,
Between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 12 o'clock m., the following described land, lying and being in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, to-wit: Lot No. 75 and ten feet off of the east side of lot No. 76, adjoining said lot 75, a part of John D. Armour's subdivision of original county lot No. 408, beginning at a point on the north side of Pigeon Roost Road 90 feet from, and west of, its intersection with Orleans street, running thence westwardly with Pigeon Roost Road 40 feet, thence northwardly 150 feet to an alley, thence eastwardly 40 feet, thence southwardly 150 feet to the beginning, it being the same property conveyed by John D. Armour to R. E. Norris on the 24th day of October, 1865, and recorded in